CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT AUDIT REPORT JUNE 30, 2024

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November 15, 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board of Education Clinton County School District Albany, Kentucky

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clinton County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Clinton County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clinton County School District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, Appendix I to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Audit Extension Request, Appendix II to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Instructions for Submission of the Audit Contract, Audit Acceptance Statement, AFR and Balance Sheet, Statement of Certification, and Audit Report. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am required to be independent of the Clinton County School District and to meet my ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to my audit. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Clinton County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statement

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, I:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Clinton County School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in my judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Clinton County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal-control matters that I identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedules of the district's proportionate share of net pension liabilities, and the schedules of the district's proportionate share of net other postemployment benefits on pages 4 through 10, 52 through 55, and 58 through 60 be presented to

supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Clinton County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the statement of receipts, disbursements and fund balance – High School Activity Fund, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated November 15, 2024, on my consideration of Clinton County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clinton County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Clinton County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sincerely,

Montgomery & Company, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT – ALBANY, KENTUCKY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The discussion and analysis of Clinton County School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to review the School District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in the Statement No. 34 Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments issued in June 1999.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The ending cash balance for the District was \$9,204,776. This reflects an increase in cash from 2023 of \$1,735,097. This increase in cash is largely attributable to the District's revised financial positions including staffing and expenditures along with ESSER funding.
- The general fund had an increase in fund balance of \$1,993,317 for the year. All
 governmental funds combined had an increase in fund balance of \$2,200,912 for the
 year.
- The food service fund ended the school year with an increase in net position of \$300,250. This is attributable to a significant increase in federal and state food service grants.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed assets and related debt is also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11-12 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. There is a state mandated uniform accounting system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds. The proprietary funds are our food service operation. The only fiduciary funds are agency funds. All other activities of the District are included in the governmental funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13 - 19 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 20 – 51 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$14,831,740 as of June 30, 2024.

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

Net Position for the periods ending June 30, 2024 and 2023 (Table 1)

_	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total Primary Government	
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Current and Other Assets	\$9,771,154	\$7,686,449	\$1,292,944	\$1,082,857	\$11,064,098	\$8,769,306
Capital Assets	23,133,652	23,209,516	280,097	242,871	23,413,749	23,452,387
Total Assets Deferred Outflows	32,904,806 3,479,611	30,895,965 4,584,245	1,573,041 371,201	1,325,728 494,105	34,477,847 3,850,812	32,221,693 5,078,350
Current Liabilities	1,288,586	1,420,384	10,911	2,996	1,299,497	1,423,380
Non-Current Liabilities	14,859,261	19,767,087	1,001,987	1,597,499	15,861,248	21,364,586
Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows	16,147,847 5,597,961	21,187,471 3,607,896	1,012,898 738,213	1,600,495 391,510	17,160,745 6,336,174	22,787,966 3,999,406
Net Position Investment in capital						
assets (net of debt)	14,321,809	13,602,631	258,539	242,871	14,580,348	13,845,502
Restricted	1,009,289	801,694	(270,746)	(555,328)	738,543	246,366
Unrestricted	(692,489)	(3,719,482)	205,338	140,285	(487,151)	(3,579,197)
Total Net Position	14,638,609	10,684,843	193,131	(172,172)	14,831,740	10,513,671

Comments on Budget Comparisons

- The District's total revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, net of interfund transfers and bond proceeds, were \$26,385,305.
- General fund budgeted revenue compared to actual revenue varied from line item to line item with the ending total actual balance being \$926,821 more than budgeted or approximately 6%.
- General fund budgeted expenditures compared to actual expenditures varied from line item
 to line item with the ending total actual balance being \$4,803,410 less than budgeted or
 approximately 25%.

Summary of Changes in Net Position for the periods ending June 30, 2024 and 2023 (Table 2)

	Governmental		Busine	ess-type	Total		
	Activ	vities	Acti	vities	Primary Government		
REVENUES:	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Program revenues:							
Charges for Services	67,001	526,669	216,464	176,170	283,465	702,839	
Operating grants and contributions	6,240,775	6,044,121	1,791,413	1,729,800	8,032,188	7,773,921	
Capital grants and contributions	46,411	48,936	-	-	46,411	48,936	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	2,276,991	2,140,825	-	-	2,276,991	2,140,825	
Motor vehicle taxes	524,894	489,905	-	-	524,894	489,905	
Utility taxes	756,707	791,632	-	-	756,707	791,632	
Other taxes	24,487	130,242	-	-	24,487	130,242	
Investment earnings	85,080	51,025	6,273	4,847	91,353	55,872	
State and formal grants	13,038,829	14,080,880	=	-	13,038,829	14,080,880	
Loss Compensation	43,629	15,478	=	-	43,629	15,478	
Gain (loss) on asset disposal	8,610	-	=	-	8,610	=	
Miscellaneous	1,322,330	538,031	(64,589)	(52,971)	1,257,741	485,060	
Total Revenues	24,435,744	24,857,744	1,949,561	1,857,846	26,385,305	26,715,590	
			·				
EXPENSES:							
Program Activities:							
Instruction	12,508,813	13,523,601	-	-	12,508,813	13,523,601	
Student Support	1,367,587	1,559,545	-	-	1,367,587	1,559,545	
Instructional staff support	214,960	309,106	-	-	214,960	309,106	
District administrative support	885,234	865,913	-	-	885,234	865,913	
School administrative support	1,170,469	1,252,581	-	-	1,170,469	1,252,581	
Business support	276,913	292,085	-	-	276,913	292,085	
Plant operation and maintenance	2,245,191	2,188,934	-	-	2,245,191	2,188,934	
Student transportation	1,261,698	1,248,070	-	-	1,261,698	1,248,070	
Community service activities	244,099	77,227	-	-	244,099	77,227	
Site Improvement	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest cost	265,935	298,976	-	-	265,935	298,976	
Other Business-type Activities :	41,079	290,353	-	-	41,079	290,353	
Daycare	-	-	90,980	31,155	90,980	31,155	
Food service			1,493,278	1,534,832	1,493,278	1,534,832	
Total Expenses	20,481,978	21,906,391	1,584,258	1,565,987	22,066,236	23,472,378	
Change in Net Position	3,953,766	2,951,353	365,303	291,859	4,319,069	3,243,212	

Governmental Activities

Instruction comprises 61% of governmental program expenditures. Support services make up 36% of government expenses. Interest costs and other account for the remaining 3%.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

Cost of Governmental Activities (Table 3)

	Total (of Serv		Net Cost of Services		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Instruction	12,508,813	13,523,601	8,003,802	8,344,722	
Support Services	7,422,052	7,716,234	6,005,995	6,762,262	
Other	285,178	367,580	(101,530)	(70,359)	
Interest Costs	265,935	298,976	219,524	250,040	
Total Expenses	20,481,978	21,906,391	14,127,791	15,286,665	

Business-Type Activities

The business-type activities are the food service and day care operations. These programs had total revenue of \$1,949,561 and expenses of \$1,584,258 for fiscal year 2024. Of the revenues, \$216,464 was charges for services, and \$1,791,413 was from State and Federal grants. Business activities receive no support from tax revenues. The School District will continue to monitor the charges and costs of these activities.

The School District's Funds

Information about the School District's major funds starts on page 13. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues and other financing sources of \$25,530,482 and expenditures and other financing uses of \$23,329,570.

General Fund-Budget Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Kentucky law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. The State Department of Education requires a zero-based budget with any budgeted remaining fund balance shown as a contingency expense in the budget process. It is the District's practice to not include state on-behalf payments in the budget.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2024 the School District had \$23,292,629 invested in land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2024 and 2023 balances.

Capital Assets at June 30, 2024 and 2023 Net of Depreciation (Table 4)

	Governmental		Busines	ss-type	Total	
	Activ	vities	Activ	rities	Primary Government	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Land	6,345,254	6,345,254	-	-	6,345,254	6,345,254
Construction in Progress Buildings and	-	199,341	-	-	-	199,341
improvements	14,929,619	15,045,948	30,515	10,010	14,960,134	15,055,958
Technology	244,656	318,486	804	1,295	245,460	319,781
Vehicles	1,104,313	992,448	14,933	21,333	1,119,246	1,013,781
General equipment	410,248	308,039	212,287	210,233	622,535	518,272
Total	23,034,090	23,209,516	258,539	242,871	23,292,629	23,452,387

Changes in Capital Assets for the periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 (Table 5)

	Governmental Activities		Busine: Activ	ss-type rities	Total Primary Government	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Beginning Balance Additions	23,209,516 759,630	23,429,961 739,534	242,871 53,099	220,414 59,644	23,452,387 812,729	23,650,375 799,198
Retirements Depreciation	(935,056)	(959,979)	(37,431)	(37,207)	(972,487)	(997,186)
Ending Balance	23,034,090	23,209,516	258,539	242,871	23,292,629	23,452,387

Debt

At June 30, 2024, the School District had \$7,822,000 in bonds outstanding; of this amount \$1,901,387 is to be paid from the SFCC funding provided by the State of Kentucky. Additionally, the School District had \$896,245 in capital lease obligations. Principal and interest totaling \$954,529 are due within one year.

District Challenges for the Future

Clinton County School District continues to be financially sound. However, the current state and national financial climate requires the District to remain prudent. The District has been required to provide financial support for unfunded mandates imposed by the state and federal government. Also, the state administered employee pension plans continue to be underfunded. This places a large possible future liability on all Kentucky School Districts.

Clinton County Schools will continue to use careful planning and monitoring of finances to provide a quality education for students and a secure financial future for the school district.

Future Budgetary Implications

In Kentucky, the public schools' fiscal year is July 1 – June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal programs, operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the District overall budget. By law, the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The District adopted a budget for 2024 – 2025 with a contingency greater than the required minimum of 2%.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information contact Courtney Norris, Chief Financial Officer, 1273 KY HWY 90 W STE 103, Albany, Kentucky, 42602, (606) 387-6480.

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
ASSETS:			
Cash & Cash Equivalents - Note C	8,010,380	1,194,396	9,204,776
Investments	633,055		633,055
Accounts Receivable:			
Taxes - Current	178,758		178,758
Taxes - Delinquent Accounts	9,789 48,959	270	9,789 49,229
Intergovernmental - State	9,317	270	9,317
Intergovernmental - Federal	835,529	67,024	902,553
Prepaid Expenses	45,367		45,367
Inventories for Consumption		31,254	31,254
Total Current Assets	9,771,154	1,292,944	11,064,098
Noncurrent Assets			
Net OPEB Benefit - CERS	99,562	21,558	121,120
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets - Note F	6,345,254		6,345,254
Depreciable Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation - Note F Total Noncurrent Assets	16,688,836	258,539	16,947,375
Total Noncurrent Assets	23,133,652	280,097	23,413,749
TOTAL ASSETS	32,904,806	1,573,041	34,477,847
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	1,288,759	252,058	1,540,817
Deferred Outflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits	2,070,460	119,143	2,189,603
Deferred Outflows from Advanced Bond Refundings	120,392		120,392
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	36,384,417	1,944,242	38,328,659
LIABILITIES:			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	12,501	10,911	23,412
Accrued Salaries & Sick Leave - Note A	105,134		105,134
Advances from Grantors Pond Obligations Note D	175,328		175,328
Bond Obligations - Note D Lease Liabilities - Note E	748,000 156,648		748,000 156,648
Accrued Interest Payable	90,975		90,975
Total Current Liabilities	1,288,586	10,911	1,299,497
Name and Liebitides.			
Noncurrent Liabilities: Bond Obligations - Note D	7,068,036		7,068,036
Lease Liabilities - Note E	739,597		739,597
Net Pension Liability	4,627,152	1,001,987	5,629,139
Net Other Post Employment Benefits Liability	2,246,000		2,246,000
Accrued Sick Leave - Note A	178,476		178,476
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	14,859,261	1,001,987	15,861,248
TOTAL LIABILITIES	16,147,847	1,012,898	17,160,745
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	1,482,761	308,762	1,791,523
Deferred Inflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits	4,115,200	429,451	4,544,651
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS	21,745,808	1,751,111	23,496,919
NET POSITION:	14.221.000	950.500	14.500.045
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	14,321,809	258,539	14,580,348
Capital Projects			0
SFCC Escrow	583,644		583,644
School Activities	425,645	(050.54.0)	425,645
Food Service Unrestricted	(692,489)	(270,746) 205,338	(270,746) (487,151)
TOTAL NET POSITION	14,638,609	193,131	14,831,740
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION	36,384,417	1,944,242	38,328,659
10 The Emplerites, Determed inteows and her rosition	30,304,417	1,744,444	30,320,039

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NET(EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES
IN NET POSITION

		PRO	OGRAM REVENUES		NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION			
FUNCTION/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:								
Instructional	12,508,813		4,505,011		(8,003,802)		(8,003,802)	
Support Services:								
Student Support Services	1,367,587		335,122		(1,032,465)		(1,032,465)	
Staff Support Services	214,960		71,101		(143,859)		(143,859)	
District Administration	885,234				(885,234)		(885,234)	
School Administration	1,170,469				(1,170,469)		(1,170,469)	
Business Support Services	276,913		547.001		(276,913)		(276,913)	
Plant Operation & Maintenance Student Transportation	2,245,191 1,261,698		547,991 461,843		(1,697,200) (799,855)		(1,697,200) (799,855)	
Community Service Operations	244,099	67,001	251,214		74,116		74,116	
Day Care Operations	40,287	07,001	41,461		1,174		1,174	
Site Improvement	10,207		27,032		27,032		27,032	
Other Non-Instructional	792		27,032		(792)		(792)	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	265,935			46,411	(219,524)		(219,524)	
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	20,481,978	67,001	6,240,775	46,411	(14,127,791)		(14,127,791)	
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:								
Day Care	90,980	139,079	16,954			65,053	65,053	
Food Service	1,493,278	77,385	1,774,459			358,566	358,566	
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	1,584,258	216,464	1,791,413	0	0	423,619	423,619	
TOTAL SCHOOL DISTRICT	22,066,236	283,465	8,032,188	46,411	(14,127,791)	423,619	(13,704,172)	
GENERAL REVENUES:								
Taxes:								
Property					2,276,991		2,276,991	
Motor Vehicle					524,894		524,894	
Utility					756,707		756,707	
Other					24,487		24,487	
State Aid - Formula Grants					13,038,829	(072	13,038,829	
Investment Earnings					85,080	6,273	91,353	
Miscellaneous Funds Transfer (Expense)					1,257,741 64,589	(64.590)	1,257,741 0	
·						(64,589)	43,629	
Loss Compensation Gain (Loss) in Sale of Capital Assets					43,629 8,610		8,610	
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES & TRANSI	FERS				18,081,557	(58,316)	18,023,241	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION					3,953,766	365,303	4,319,069	
NET POSITION - BEGINNING					10,684,843	(172,172)	10,512,671	
NET POSITION - ENDING					14,638,609	193,131	14,831,740	
See independent auditor's report and accompa	nying notes to fin	ancial statements.	10		<u> </u>		·	

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	GENERAL	SPECIAL	CONSTRUCTION	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL
	FUND	REVENUE	FUND	FUNDS	FUNDS
ASSETS:					
Cash & Cash Equivalents	7,004,640			1,005,740	8,010,380
Investments	633,055				633,055
Accounts Receivable:					
Taxes - Current	178,758				178,758
Taxes - Delinquent	9,789				9,789
Accounts	44,712			4,247	48,959
Interfund Receivables	669,407				669,407
Intergovernmental - State		9,317			9,317
Intergovernmental - Federal		835,529			835,529
Prepaid Expenses	45,367				45,367
TOTAL ASSETS	8,585,728	844,846	0	1,009,987	10,440,561
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE:					
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	11,692	111		698	12,501
Interfund Payables		669,407			669,407
Accrued Salaries & Benefits	72,699				72,699
Advances from Grantors		175,328			175,328
Total Liabilities	84,391	844,846	0	698	929,935
Fund Balance:					
Non-Spendable	45,367				45,367
Restricted for:					
Future Construction					0
SFCC Escrow				583,644	583,644
School Activities				425,645	425,645
Committed for:					
Accrued Sick Leave	32,435				32,435
Assigned for:					
Purchase Obligations	12				12
Unassigned Fund Balance	8,423,523				8,423,523
Total Fund Balance	8,501,337	0	0	1,009,289	9,510,626
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	8,585,728	844,846	0	1,009,987	10,440,561

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSTION JUNE 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE	9,510,626
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. Cost of Capital Assets Accumulated Depreciation 40,758,284 (17,724,194)	23,034,090
Deferred Outflows on Bond Refundings are not current assets and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.	120,392
·	,
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions are not current assets and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.	1,288,759
Deferred Outflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits are not current assets and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.	2,070,460
Long-term liabilities (including bonds payable) are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of: Bonds Payable Unamortized Bond Premiums Unamortized Bond Discounts Lease Liabilities Accrued Interest on Bonds Net Pension Liability Net Other Post Employment Benefits Liability Accrued Sick Leave (7,822,000) (7,822,000) (7,822,000) (30,414) (30,414) (40,627,152) (896,245) (90,975) (4,627,152) (4,627,152) (2,146,438)	
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions are not current liabilities and therefore are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds.	(1,482,761)
Deferred Inflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits are not current liabilities and therefore are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds.	(4,115,200)
TOTAL NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	14,638,609

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	CONSTRUCTION FUND	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES:					
Taxes:					
Property	1,984,867			292,124	2,276,991
Motor Vehicle	524,894				524,894
Utility	756,707				756,707
Other	24,487				24,487
Earnings on Investments	83,158	273		1,649	85,080
Intergovernmental - State	12,264,349	1,455,880		820,891	14,541,120
Intergovernmental - Federal	161,119	4,623,776			4,784,895
Student Activities				465,255	465,255
Other Sources	486,104			373,383	859,487
TOTAL REVENUES	16,285,685	6,079,929	0	1,953,302	24,318,916
EXPENDITURES:					
Instructional	7,962,694	4,377,423		801,587	13,141,704
Support Services:					
Student Support Services	1,086,695	325,631			1,412,326
Staff Support Services	135,789	69,087			204,876
District Administration	901,304				901,304
School Administration	1,233,986				1,233,986
Business Support Services	287,389				287,389
Plant Operation & Maintenance	1,534,596	532,471			2,067,067
Student Transportation	978,277	448,763		3,775	1,430,815
Day Care Operations		40,287			40,287
Community Service Operations		244,099			244,099
Site Improvement		26,267	402 404		26,267
Facilities Acquisition & Construction			102,401	500	102,401
Other Non-Instructional				792	792
Debt Service: Principal				891,228	001 220
Interest				250,291	891,228 250,291
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	14,120,730	6,064,028	102,401	1,947,673	22,234,832
EXCESS(DEFICIT) REVENUES OVER	14,120,730	0,004,020	102,401	1,747,073	22,237,032
EXPENDITURES	2,164,955	15,901	(102,401)	5,629	2,084,084
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES):					
Loss Compensation	43,629				43,629
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	8,610				8,610
Operating Transfers In - Note N	66,590	27,087	63,661	1,001,989	1,159,327
Operating Transfers Out - Note N	(290,467)	(42,988)		(761,283)	(1,094,738)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES)	(171,638)	(15,901)	63,661	240,706	116,828
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	1,993,317	0	(38,740)	246,335	2,200,912
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	6,508,020	0	38,740	762,954	7,309,714
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	8,501,337	0	0	1,009,289	9,510,626

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

NET CHANGES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		2,200,912
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures because they use current financial resources. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital exceeds depreciation expense for the year. Depreciation Expense Capital Outlays	(935,056) 759,630	(175,426)
Bond proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net		
position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does		
not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal		
is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in		
the statement of net position.		
Bond Principal Paid	728,000	
Lease Liability Paid	163,228	
		891,228
Generally, expenditures recognized in this fund financial statement are		
limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses		
are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred.	(2 (272)	
Amortization-Deferred Outflows on Advanced Bond Refundings	(26,372)	
Amortization - Bond Premiums Amortization - Bond Discount	5,706 (2,330)	
District Pension Contributions	(2,330)	
Cost of Benefits Earned Net of Employee Contributions - Pension	(94,800)	
Accrued Interest Payable	7.352	
District Other Post Employment Benefits Contributions	247,766	
Cost of Benefits Earned Net of Employee Contributions - OPEB	347,256	
Accrued Sick Leave	35,220	
		1,037,052
CHANGES - NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		2.052.766
CHANGES - NET FOSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		3,953,766

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	FOOD SERVICE	DAY CARE	TOTAL
ASSETS:			_
Current Assets:			
Cash & Cash Equivalents	989,328	205,068	1,194,396
Accounts Receivable	67,024	270	67,294
Inventories for Consumption Total Current Assets	31,254 1,087,606	205,338	31,254 1,292,944
Total Carrent Assets	1,007,000	205,556	1,272,744
Noncurrent Assets:			
Net OPEB Benefit	21,558		21,558
Buildings & Improvements	40,259		40,259
Furniture & Equipment	870,706		870,706
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(652,426)		(652,426)
Total Noncurrent Assets	280,097	0	280,097
TOTAL ASSETS	1,367,703	205,338	1,573,041
Deferred Outflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits	119,143		119,143
Deferred Outflows Related to Office Post Employment Benefits Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	252,058		252,058
Determine Commons related to 1 engions			
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	1,738,904	205,338	1,944,242
LIABILITIES:			
Current Liabilities:			
Account Payable	10,911		10,911
Total Current Liabilities	10,911	0	10,911
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Net Pension Liability	1,001,987		1,001,987
		_	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,001,987	0	1,001,987
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,012,898	0	1,012,898
Defended In Comp. Deleted to Other Deat Foundation of Deat St.	420 451		420, 451
Deferred Inflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	429,451 308,762		429,451 308,762
Deferred limows Related to Fensions	308,702		300,702
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS	1,751,111	0	1,751,111
Net Position:			
Net I ostiton. Net Investment in Capital Assets	258,539	0	258,539
Restricted	230,337	Ü	0
Unrestricted	(270,746)	205,338	(65,408)
Total Net Position	(12,207)	205,338	193,131
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	1,738,904	205,338	1,944,242

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	FOOD SERVICE	DAY CARE	TOTAL
OPERATING REVENUES:			
Lunchroom Sales	77,385		77,385
Charges for Services		139,079	139,079
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	77,385	139,079	216,464
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Salaries & Benefits	488,358	87,826	576,184
Contract Services	80,166	450	80,616
Materials & Supplies	876,730	2,416	879,146
Depreciation - Note F	37,431		37,431
Other Operating Expenses	10,593	288	10,881
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	1,493,278	90,980	1,584,258
OPERATING INCOME(LOSS)	(1,415,893)	48,099	(1,367,794)
NONOPERATING REVENUES(EXPENSES):			
Transfer Out to General Fund	(64,589)		(64,589)
Federal Grants	1,566,160		1,566,160
State Grants	146,807	16,954	163,761
Donated Commodities	61,492		61,492
Interest Income	6,273		6,273
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUE	1,716,143	16,954	1,733,097
INCOME(LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	300,250	65,053	365,303
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	0	0	0
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	300,250	65,053	365,303
TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING	(312,457)	140,285	(172,172)
TOTAL NET POSITION - ENDING	(12,207)	205,338	193,131

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	FOOD SERVICE FUND	DAY SERVICE CARE	TOTAL
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Cash Received from: Lunchroom Sales Other Activities	77,385	138,809	77,385 138,809
Cash Paid to/for: Employees Supplies Other Activities	(498,584) (825,797) (90,759)	(70,872) (5,987) (738)	(569,456) (831,784) (91,497)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(1,337,755)	61,212	(1,276,543)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Transfer in (out) to/from General Fund Interfund Payable Repaid	(64,589)		(64,589)
Federal Grants State Grants	1,547,595 9,571		1,547,595 9,571
Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital and Related Financing Activities	1,492,577	-	1,492,577
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchase of Equipment	(53,099)	_	(53,099)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(53,099)	=	(53,099)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	-	-	-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Receipt of Interest Income	6,273		6,273
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	6,273	=	6,273
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	107,996	61,212	169,208
Balances, Beginning of Year	881,333	143,856	1,025,189
Balances, End of Year	989,329	205,068	1,194,397
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating Income (Loss)	(1,415,893)	48,099	(1,367,794)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities			
Depreciation State On-Behalf Payments Donated Commodities Character Deformed On Claracter Liabilities and Deformed Life	37,431 137,236 61,492	16,954	37,431 154,190 61,492
Change in Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: Accounts Receivable Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflows Net Pension Liability Net Other Post Employment Benefits Inventory Accounts Payable	122,905 346,703 (252,969) (364,101) (18,474) 7,915	(270)	(270) 122,905 346,703 (252,969) (364,101) (18,474) 4,344
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(1,337,755)	61,212	(1,276,543)
Schedule of Non-Cash Transactions:			
Donated Commodities State On-Behalf Payments	61,492 137,236	- -	61,492 137,236

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Clinton County Board of Education ("Board"), a five-member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of Clinton County Board of Education ("District"). The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Board members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the Clinton County Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding, and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organizations are included in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>Clinton County Board of Education Finance Corporation</u> – In a prior year, the Board of Education resolved to authorize the establishment of the Clinton County School District Finance Corporation (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS Section 58.180) (the "Corporation") as an agency for the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The members of the Board also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors.

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in net total assets. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The District has the following funds:

I. Governmental Fund Types

- A. The General Fund is the main operating fund of the Board. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the District.
- B. The Special Revenue (Grant) Funds account for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trust or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of the specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and related notes. This is a major fund of the District.
- C. Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Fund).
 - 1. The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan.

- 2. The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.
- 3. The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction.
- D. Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related cost; and for the payment of interest on generally obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky law. This is a major fund of the District.

II. Proprietary Fund Types (Enterprise Fund)

The Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA. The Food Service Fund is a major fund.

The District applies all GASB pronouncements to proprietary funds as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

III. Fiduciary Fund Type (Agency and Private Purpose Trust Funds)

The Private Purpose Trust funds are used to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organization, or other governments.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also us the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions – Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within 60 days of the fiscal year-end.

Proprietary Fund operating revenues are defined as revenues received from the direct purchases of products and services (i.e. food service). Non-operating revenues are not related to direct purchases of products; for the District, these revenues are typically investment income and state and federal grant revenues.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Deferred Revenue – Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as deferred revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Property Taxes

<u>Property Tax Revenues</u> – Property taxes are levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund.

The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2024, to finance the General Fund operations were \$0.457 per \$100 valuation for real property, \$0.457 per \$100 valuation for business personal property, and \$0.53 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the county, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial, and mixed gases.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	10-12 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Rolling stock	15 years
Other	10 years

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payable resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid accrued sick leave is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the amount "accumulated sick leave payable" in the general fund. The noncurrent portion of the liability is reported as a reserve of fund balance.

Budgetary Process

Budgetary Basis of Accounting: The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end as dictated by law.

Each budget is prepared and controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

Inventories

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are stated at cost and are expensed when used.

On fund financial statements inventories are stated at cost. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when purchased.

The food service fund uses the specific identification method.

Investments

The private purpose trust funds record investments at their quoted market prices. All realized gains and losses and changes in fair value are recorded in the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, the noncurrent portion of capital leases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Fund Balance

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Non-spendable – includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.

Restricted – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority and does not lapse at year-end. Formal School Board action must be taken during an open meeting to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment.

Assigned – includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the Superintendent.

Unassigned – includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The District committed the following fund balance type by taking the following action:

Fund Balance Type	Amount	<u>Action</u>
General Fund	\$32,435	Long-Term Sick Leave Commitment

The District uses restricted/committed amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the District would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts for unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The District does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

Major Special Revenue Fund

Revenue Source

Special Revenue

State, Local and Federal Grants

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools.

Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of fixed assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Pensions

Teachers' Retirement System - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

County Employees Retirement System - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (CERS) and additions to/deductions from CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Since certain expense items are amortized over the closed periods each year, the deferred portions of these items must be tracked annually. If the amounts serve to reduce pension expense the amounts are labeled deferred inflows. If amounts will increase pension expense the amounts are labeled deferred outflows. The amortization of these amounts is accomplished on a level dollar basis, with no interest included in the deferred amounts. Experience gains/losses and the impact of changes in actuarial assumptions, if any, are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of the active and inactive plan members at the beginning of the fiscal year. Investment gains and losses are amortized over a fixed five-year period.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

Teachers' Retirement System – For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

County Employees Retirement System - For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (CERS) and

additions to/deductions from CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Since certain expense items are amortized over the closed periods each year, the deferred portions of these items must be tracked annually. If the amounts serve to reduce pension expense the amounts are labeled deferred inflows. If amounts will increase pension expense the amounts are labeled deferred outflows. The amortization of these amounts is accomplished on a level dollar basis, with no interest included in the deferred amounts. Experience gains/losses and the impact of changes in actuarial assumptions, if any, are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of the active and inactive plan members at the beginning of the fiscal year. Investment gains and losses are amortized over a fixed five-year period.

NOTE B – ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the general-purpose financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE C – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial Credit is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's policy is to have all deposits secured by pledged securities.

At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's total cash and cash equivalents was \$9,204,776. Of the total cash balance, \$250,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance, with the remainder covered by collateral agreements and collateral held by the pledging banks' trust departments in the District's name. Cash equivalents are funds temporarily invested in securities with maturity of 90 days or less.

Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2024, consisted of the following:

	Bank Balance	Book Balance
First & Farmers Bank	10,605,053	9,204,776
Breakdown per financial statements:		
Governmental Funds		8,010,380
Proprietary Funds		<u>1,194,396</u>
Total Cash		<u>9,204,776</u>

NOTE D – LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS

The amount shown in the accompanying financial statements as bond obligations represents the District's future obligations to make payments relating to the bonds issued by the Clinton County School District Finance Corporation in the original amount aggregating \$12,536,000.

The original amount of each issue and interest rates are summarized below:

2013	1,505,000	1.00% - 2.00%
2014	2,070,000	1.10% - 3.20%
2016 Refunding	4,510,000	2.00% - 2.75%
2017	825,000	3.50%
2020 Energy	2,755,000	2.00% - 2.65%
2020	156,000	2.25% - 3.80%
2022	715,000	3.00%

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes and the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund) is obligated to make bond payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by Clinton County School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

In 1995 the Board entered into "participation agreements" with the Kentucky School Facility Construction Commission. The Commission was created by the Kentucky Legislature for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The table sets forth the amount to be paid by the Board and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bonds issued. The Kentucky School Construction Commission's participation is limited to the biennial budget period of the Commonwealth of Kentucky with the right reserved by the Kentucky School Construction Commission to terminate the commitment to pay the agreed participation every two years. The obligation of the Kentucky School Construction Commission to make the agreed payments automatically renews each two years for a period of two years unless the Kentucky School Construction Commission gives notice if its intention not to participate not less than sixty days prior to the end of its biennium.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission at June 30, 2024, for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

				District's
Year	Principal	Interest	Participation	Portion
2024-25	748,000	206,529	207,671	746,858
2025-26	757,000	188,210	198,723	746,488
2026-27	759,000	169,437	171,007	757.430
2027-28	771,000	149,487	161,182	759,304
2028-29	627,000	130,330	136,804	620,526
2029-30	652,000	111,953	140,904	623,049
2030-31	652,000	92,891	119,112	625,779
2031-32	272,000	79,585	75,220	276,365
2032-33	283,000	72,113	74,171	280,942
2033-34	293,000	64,086	73,120	283,966
2034-35	318,000	55,677	77,070	296,607
2035-36	333,000	46,528	75,871	303,657
2036-37	344,000	36,880	74,671	306,210
2037-38	354,000	26,963	73,470	307,493
2038-39	274,000	18,239	72,270	219,968
2039-40	285,000	10,715	76,071	219,644
2040-41	55,000	2,890	47,700	10,190
2041-42	45,000	1,350	46,350	0_
	7,822,000	1,463,863	1,901,387	7,384,476

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Primary Government					
Governmental Activities:					
Revenue Bond Payable	8,550,000	0	728,000	7,822,000	748,000
Add: Bond Premium	36,120	0	5,706	30,414	5,706
Less: Bond Discount	(38,708)	0	(2,330)	(36,378)	(2,330)
Net Revenue Bond Payable	8,547,412	0	731,376	7,816,036	751,376
Net Pension Liability	5,495,356	0	868,204	4,627,152	0
Lease Liabilities	1,059,473	0	163,228	896,245	156,648
Net OPEB Liability	5,063,850	0	2,817,850	2,246,000	0
Accrued Sick Leave	246,133	0	35,212	210,911	32,435
Total Governmental					
Activities:	20,712,224	<u>0</u>	<u>4,615,870</u>	<u>15,796,344</u>	<u>940,459</u>
Proprietary Activities:					
Net OPEB Liability	342,543	0	342,543	0	0
Net Pension Liability	1,254,956	0	252,969	1,001,987	0
Total Long-Term Liabilities:	22,309,723	0	<u>5,211,382</u>	16 798 331	940,459

NOTE E – LEASE LIABILITIES

The District is the lessee of buses under leases expiring in various years through 2034. The assets and liabilities under lease are recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments or the fair value of the asset. The assets are amortized over their estimated productive lives. Amortization of assets under leases is included in depreciation expense for fiscal year 2024.

The following is a summary of property held under capital leases:

Classes of Property	Book Value as of June 30, 2024
Buses	1,498,929
Facility	181,000
Subtotal	1,679,929
Accumulated Amortization	<u>(768,536)</u>
Total	<u>911,393</u>

The following is a schedule by years of the future principal payments under leases as of June 30, 2024:

Year Ending June 30,	Lease Liabilities Payable
2025	179,595
2026	179,779
2027	153,702
2028	147,016
2029	112,140
2030-2034	<u>212,249</u>
Net minimum lease payments	984,481
Amount representing interest	<u>(88,236</u>)
Present value of net minimum lease payments	<u>896,245</u>

Interest rates on capitalized leases vary from 1.00% to 4.00%. The leases provide for the assets to revert to the District at the end of the respective lease with no further payment for purchase.

NOTE F - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

Non-Depreciable Assers: Land		BEGINNING BALANCE	ADDITIONS	RETIREMENTS	ENDING BALANCE
Non-Depreciable Assets:	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:	BILLINGE	ADDITIONS	RETIREMENTS	BILLINCE
Construction in Progress 199,341 (199,341) Construction in Progress 199,341 (199,341) Construction in Progress 199,341 26,521,929 Construction in Progress 190,304 26,521,929 Construction in Progress 10,000,199 Construction	Non-Depreciable Assets:				
Depreciable Assets: September Septem		6,345,254			6,345,254
Buildings & Building Improvements 26,032,034 290,554 199,341 26,521,929 Technology Equipment - Restated 1,000,199 1,000,199 1,000,199 Vehicles 3,312,913 294,156 3,607,069 General Equipment 3,108,913 174,920 3,283,833 TOTAL AT HISTORICAL COST 39,998,654 759,630 - 40,758,284 LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR: Buildings & Building Improvements 10,986,086 606,224 11,592,310 Technology Equipment 681,713 73,830 755,543 Vehicles 2,320,465 182,291 2,502,756 General Equipment 16,789,138 935,056 - 17,724,194 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: 23,209,516 (175,426) - 23,034,090 PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES: Depreciable Assets: 32,000 32,000 32,000 General Equipment 3,179 40,259 40,259 Technology Equipment 3,179 28,170 835,527 TOTALS AT HISTORICAL COST 873,866<	Construction in Progress			(199,341)	-
Buildings & Building Improvements 26,032,034 290,554 199,341 26,521,929 Technology Equipment - Restated 1,000,199 1,000,199 1,000,199 Vehicles 3,312,913 294,156 3,607,069 General Equipment 3,108,913 174,920 3,283,833 TOTAL AT HISTORICAL COST 39,998,654 759,630 - 40,758,284 LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR: Buildings & Building Improvements 10,986,086 606,224 11,592,310 Technology Equipment 681,713 73,830 755,543 Vehicles 2,320,465 182,291 2,502,756 General Equipment 16,789,138 935,056 - 17,724,194 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: 23,209,516 (175,426) - 23,034,090 PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES: Depreciable Assets: 32,000 32,000 32,000 General Equipment 3,179 40,259 40,259 Technology Equipment 3,179 28,170 835,527 TOTALS AT HISTORICAL COST 873,866<	Depreciable Assets:				
Technology Equipment - Restated		26,032,034	290,554	199,341	26,521,929
Ceneral Equipment 3,108,913 174,920 3,283,833 TOTAL AT HISTORICAL COST 39,998,654 759,630 40,758,284 LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:		1,000,199			1,000,199
DITAL AT HISTORICAL COST 39,998,654 759,630 40,758,284	Vehicles	3,312,913	294,156		3,607,069
Buildings & Building Improvements 10,986,086 606,224 11,592,310 Technology Equipment 681,713 73,830 755,543 755,543 755,616 755,543 755,616 755,543 755,616 755,543 755,616 755,543 755,616 755,543 755,616 755,543 755,543 755,616 755,543 755,616 755,543 755,616 755,543 755,543 755,616 755,543 755,543 755,616 755,543	General Equipment	3,108,913	174,920		3,283,833
Buildings & Building Improvements 10,986,086 606,224 11,592,310 Technology Equipment 681,713 73,830 755,543 Vehicles 2,320,465 182,291 2,502,756 General Equipment 2,800,874 72,711 2,873,585 TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION 16,789,138 935,056 - 17,724,194 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET 23,209,516 (175,426) - 23,034,000 PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES: Processible Assets: Processible Assets: Processible Assets: 94,0259 40,259 Buildings & Building Improvements 15,330 24,929 40,259 31,799 31,799 40,259 40,249	TOTAL AT HISTORICAL COST	39,998,654	759,630	-	40,758,284
Technology Equipment 681,713 73,830 755,543 Vehicles 2,320,465 182,291 2,502,756 General Equipment 2,800,874 72,711 2,873,585 TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION 16,789,138 935,056 - 17,724,194 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET 23,209,516 (175,426) - 23,034,090 PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES: Depreciable Assets: Buildings & Building Improvements 15,330 24,929 40,259 Technology Equipment 31,799 31,779 31,779 Vehicles 32,000 32,000 32,000 General Equipment 807,357 28,170 835,527 TOTALS AT HISTORICAL COST 857,866 53,099 - 910,965 LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR: Buildings & Building Improvements 5,320 4,424 9,744 Technology Equipment 1,884 491 2,375 Vehicles 10,667 6,400 17,067 General Equipment 597,12	LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:				
Vehicles 2,320,465 182,291 2,502,756 General Equipment 2,800,874 72,711 2,873,585 TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION 16,789,138 935,056 - 17,724,194 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET 23,209,516 (175,426) - 23,034,090 PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES: Depreciable Assets: Buildings & Building Improvements 15,330 24,929 40,259 Technology Equipment 3,179 31,79 31,79 Vehicles 32,000 32,000 General Equipment 807,357 28,170 835,527 TOTALS AT HISTORICAL COST 857,866 53,099 - 910,965 LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR: 32,00 4,424 9,744 Technology Equipment 1,884 491 2,375 Vehicles 10,667 6,400 17,067 General Equipment 597,124 26,116 623,240 TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION 614,995 37,431 - 652,426 <	Buildings & Building Improvements	10,986,086	606,224		11,592,310
General Equipment 2,800,874 72,711 2,873,585 TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION 16,789,138 935,036 - 17,724,194 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET 23,209,516 (175,426) - 23,034,090 PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES: Depreciable Assets: Buildings & Building Improvements 15,330 24,929 40,259 Technology Equipment 3,179 3,179 31,79 Vehicles 32,000 32,000 32,000 General Equipment 807,357 28,170 835,527 TOTALS AT HISTORICAL COST 857,866 53,099 910,965 LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR: 85,320 4,424 9,744 Technology Equipment 1,884 491 2,375 Vehicles 10,667 6,400 17,067 General Equipment 597,124 26,116 623,240 TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION 614,995 37,431 - 652,426 PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET 242,871 15,668 - 258,53	Technology Equipment	681,713	73,830		755,543
TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	Vehicles	2,320,465	182,291		2,502,756
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET 23,209,516 (175,426) - 23,034,090 PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES: Depreciable Assets: Buildings & Building Improvements 15,330 24,929 40,259 Technology Equipment 3,179 31,779 Vehicles 32,000 32,000 General Equipment 807,357 28,170 835,527 TOTALS AT HISTORICAL COST 857,866 53,099 - 910,965 LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR: Buildings & Building Improvements 5,320 4,424 9,744 Technology Equipment 1,884 491 2,375 Vehicles 10,667 6,400 17,067 General Equipment 597,124 26,116 623,240 TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION 614,995 37,431 - 652,426 PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET 242,871 15,668 - 258,539 DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONS AS FOLLOWS: 11,495 5 54,520 Staff Support Services <td< td=""><td>General Equipment</td><td>2,800,874</td><td>72,711</td><td></td><td>2,873,585</td></td<>	General Equipment	2,800,874	72,711		2,873,585
PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES: Depreciable Assets: 3 Buildings & Building Improvements 15,330 24,929 40,259 Technology Equipment 3,179 31,79 32,000 General Equipment 807,357 28,170 835,527 TOTALS AT HISTORICAL COST 857,866 53,099 - 910,965 LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR: 857,866 53,099 - 910,965 Buildings & Building Improvements 5,320 4,424 9,744 Technology Equipment 1,884 491 2,375 Vehicles 10,667 6,400 17,067 General Equipment 597,124 26,116 623,240 TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION 614,995 37,431 - 652,426 PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET 242,871 15,668 - 258,539 DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONS AS FOLLOWS: 11,495 11,495 14,495 14,495 14,494 14,494 14,494 14,494 14,494 14,494 14,49	TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	16,789,138	935,056	<u> </u>	17,724,194
Depreciable Assets: Buildings & Building Improvements 15,330 24,929 40,259 Technology Equipment 3,179 3,179 Vehicles 32,000 32,000 General Equipment 807,357 28,170 835,527 TOTALS AT HISTORICAL COST 857,866 53,099 - 910,965 LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR: Buildings & Building Improvements 5,320 4,424 9,744 Technology Equipment 1,884 491 2,375 Vehicles 10,667 6,400 17,067 General Equipment 597,124 26,116 623,240 TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION 614,995 37,431 - 652,426 PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET 242,871 15,668 - 258,539 DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONS AS FOLLOWS: Instructional 345,320 Student Support Services 11,495 Staff Support Services 17,369 District Administration 2,951 School Administration 339,646 Student Transportation 339,646 Student Transportation 339,646 Student Transportation 379,646 Student Transportation 379,646 Student Transportation 379,646 Student Transportation 168,372	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET	23,209,516	(175,426)	-	23,034,090
Buildings & Building Improvements 15,330 24,929 40,259 Technology Equipment 3,179 3,179 Vehicles 32,000 32,000 General Equipment 807,357 28,170 835,527 TOTALS AT HISTORICAL COST 857,866 53,099 - 910,965 LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR: 801,309 - 9,744 9,744 Technology Equipment 1,884 491 2,375 2,375 Vehicles 10,667 6,400 17,067 17,067 General Equipment 597,124 26,116 623,240 623,240 10,707	PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES:				
Technology Equipment 3,179 Vehicles 32,000 General Equipment 807,357 28,170 835,527 TOTALS AT HISTORICAL COST 857,866 53,099 - 910,965 LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR: 810 dings & Building Improvements 5,320 4,424 9,744 Technology Equipment 1,884 491 2,375 Vehicles 10,667 6,400 17,067 General Equipment 597,124 26,116 623,240 TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION 614,995 37,431 - 652,426 PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET 242,871 15,668 - 258,539 DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONS AS FOLLOWS: 11,495 11,495 Staff Support Services 11,495 17,369 District Administration 2,951 School Administration 2,951 School Administration 7,328 Business Support Services 2,575 Plant Operation & Maintenance 379,646 Student Transportation	Depreciable Assets:				
Vehicles 32,000 32,000 General Equipment 807,357 28,170 835,527 TOTALS AT HISTORICAL COST 857,866 53,099 - 910,965 LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR: Buildings & Building Improvements 5,320 4,424 9,744 Technology Equipment 1,884 491 2,375 Vehicles 10,667 6,400 17,067 General Equipment 597,124 26,116 623,240 TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION 614,995 37,431 - 652,426 PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET 242,871 15,668 - 258,539 DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONS AS FOLLOWS: 11,495 11,495 Stadent Support Services 11,495 17,369 District Administration 2,951 2,951 School Administration 2,951 7,328 Business Support Services 2,575 Plant Operation & Maintenance 379,646 Student Transportation 168,372	Buildings & Building Improvements	15,330	24,929		40,259
General Equipment 807,357 28,170 833,527 TOTALS AT HISTORICAL COST 857,866 53,099 - 910,965 LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR: Buildings & Building Improvements 5,320 4,424 9,744 Technology Equipment 1,884 491 2,375 Vehicles 10,667 6,400 17,067 General Equipment 597,124 26,116 623,240 TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION 614,995 37,431 - 652,426 PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET 242,871 15,668 - 258,539 DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONS AS FOLLOWS: 11,495 11,495 Student Support Services 11,495 17,369 2,951 School Administration 2,951 2,951 Business Support Services 2,575 2,575 Plant Operation & Maintenance 379,646 379,646 Student Transportation 168,372	Technology Equipment	3,179			3,179
TOTALS AT HISTORICAL COST 857,866 53,099 - 910,965 LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR: Buildings & Building Improvements 5,320 4,424 9,744 Technology Equipment 1,884 491 2,375 Vehicles 10,667 6,400 17,067 General Equipment 597,124 26,116 623,240 TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION 614,995 37,431 - 652,426 PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET 242,871 15,668 - 258,539 DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONS AS FOLLOWS: 11,495 11,495 Staff Support Services 11,495 17,369 17,369 District Administration 2,951 2,951 2,951 School Administration 7,328 2,575 Plant Operation & Maintenance 379,646 379,646 Student Transportation 168,372	Vehicles	32,000			32,000
LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR: Buildings & Building Improvements 5,320 4,424 9,744 Technology Equipment 1,884 491 2,375 Vehicles 10,667 6,400 17,067 General Equipment 597,124 26,116 623,240 TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION 614,995 37,431 - 652,426 PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET 242,871 15,668 - 258,539 DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONS AS FOLLOWS: 11,495 11,495 Student Support Services 11,369 17,369 District Administration 2,951 2,951 School Administration 2,951 Business Support Services 2,575 Plant Operation & Maintenance 379,646 Student Transportation 168,372	General Equipment	807,357	28,170		835,527
Buildings & Building Improvements 5,320 4,424 9,744 Technology Equipment 1,884 491 2,375 Vehicles 10,667 6,400 17,067 General Equipment 597,124 26,116 623,240 TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION 614,995 37,431 - 652,426 PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET 242,871 15,668 - 258,539 DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONS AS FOLLOWS: 345,320 Student Support Services 11,495 Staff Support Services 17,369 2,951 School Administration 2,951 School Administration 2,951 School Administration 7,328 Business Support Services 2,575 Plant Operation & Maintenance 379,646 Student Transportation 168,372 168,372	TOTALS AT HISTORICAL COST	857,866	53,099	-	910,965
Technology Equipment 1,884 491 2,375 Vehicles 10,667 6,400 17,067 General Equipment 597,124 26,116 623,240 TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION 614,995 37,431 - 652,426 PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET 242,871 15,668 - 258,539 DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONS AS FOLLOWS: 345,320 Student Support Services 11,495 Staff Support Services 17,369 District Administration 2,951 School Administration 7,328 Business Support Services 2,575 Plant Operation & Maintenance 379,646 Student Transportation 168,372	LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:				
Vehicles 10,667 6,400 17,067 General Equipment 597,124 26,116 623,240 TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION 614,995 37,431 - 652,426 PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET 242,871 15,668 - 258,539 DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONS AS FOLLOWS: 345,320 11,495 Student Support Services 17,369 17,369 District Administration 2,951 2,951 School Administration 7,328 Business Support Services 2,575 Plant Operation & Maintenance 379,646 Student Transportation 168,372	Buildings & Building Improvements	5,320	4,424		9,744
General Equipment 597,124 26,116 623,240 TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION 614,995 37,431 - 652,426 PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET 242,871 15,668 - 258,539 DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONS AS FOLLOWS: Instructional 345,320 Student Support Services 11,495 17,369 District Administration 2,951 School Administration 2,951 School Administration 7,328 Business Support Services 2,575 Plant Operation & Maintenance 379,646 Student Transportation 168,372	Technology Equipment	1,884	491		2,375
TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION 614,995 37,431 - 652,426 PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET 242,871 15,668 - 258,539 DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONS AS FOLLOWS: Instructional 345,320 Student Support Services 11,495 Staff Support Services 17,369 District Administration 2,951 School Administration 7,328 Business Support Services 2,575 Plant Operation & Maintenance 379,646 Student Transportation 168,372	Vehicles	10,667	6,400		17,067
PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET 242,871 15,668 - 258,539 DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONS AS FOLLOWS: Instructional Student Support Services 11,495 Staff Support Services 17,369 District Administration 2,951 School Administration 7,328 Business Support Services 2,575 Plant Operation & Maintenance 379,646 Student Transportation 168,372	General Equipment	597,124	26,116		623,240
DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONS AS FOLLOWS: Instructional 345,320 Student Support Services 11,495 Staff Support Services 17,369 District Administration 2,951 School Administration 7,328 Business Support Services 2,575 Plant Operation & Maintenance 379,646 Student Transportation 168,372	TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	614,995	37,431	<u> </u>	652,426
Instructional 345,320 Student Support Services 11,495 Staff Support Services 17,369 District Administration 2,951 School Administration 7,328 Business Support Services 2,575 Plant Operation & Maintenance 379,646 Student Transportation 168,372	PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET	242,871	15,668	-	258,539
Student Support Services11,495Staff Support Services17,369District Administration2,951School Administration7,328Business Support Services2,575Plant Operation & Maintenance379,646Student Transportation168,372	DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVERN	MENTAL FUNCTIO	NS AS FOLLOWS:		
Staff Support Services17,369District Administration2,951School Administration7,328Business Support Services2,575Plant Operation & Maintenance379,646Student Transportation168,372	Instructional				345,320
District Administration2,951School Administration7,328Business Support Services2,575Plant Operation & Maintenance379,646Student Transportation168,372	Student Support Services				11,495
School Administration7,328Business Support Services2,575Plant Operation & Maintenance379,646Student Transportation168,372	Staff Support Services				17,369
Business Support Services 2,575 Plant Operation & Maintenance 379,646 Student Transportation 168,372	District Administration				2,951
Plant Operation & Maintenance 379,646 Student Transportation 168,372	School Administration				7,328
Plant Operation & Maintenance 379,646 Student Transportation 168,372	Business Support Services				
Student Transportation 168,372					
					168,372
	TOTAL				935,056

NOTE G – RETIREMENT PLANS

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree

requirement. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree.

General information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS")

Plan description—Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are covered by the CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute ("KRS") Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement System administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from http://kyret.ky.gov/.

Benefits provided—CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date	Before September 1, 2008
	Unreduced retirement	27 years service or 65 years old
	Reduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 55 years old
		At least 25 years service and any age
Tier 2	Participation date	September 1, 2008 - December 31, 2013
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 65 years old
		OR age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	At least 10 years service or 60 years old
Tier 3	Participation date	After December 31, 2013
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 65 years old
		OR age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	Not Available

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years' service and hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components. Participating employees become eligible to receive the health insurance benefit after at least 180 months of service. Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement. Death benefits after retirement are \$5,000 in lump sum. Five years' service is required for death benefits prior to retirement and the employee must have suffered a duty-related death. The decedent's beneficiary will receive the higher of the normal death benefit and \$10,000 plus 25% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay and any dependent child will receive 10% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay up to 40% for all dependent children. Five years' service is required for nonservice-related disability benefits

Contributions—Required contributions by the employee are based on the tier:

	Required		
	Contributions		
Tier 1	5%		
Tier 2	5% +1% for insurance		
Tier 3	5% +1% for insurance		

General information about the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("TRS")

Plan description—Teaching certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the KRS. TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.TRS.ky.gov/05 publications/index.htm.

Benefits provided—For employees who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, employees become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, employees must either:

- 1.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Employees that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university employees with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New employees (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service less than ten years. New employees after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years.

In addition, employees who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the System has been amended to change the benefit structure for employees hired on or after that date.

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. TRS also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing employees and \$5,000 for retired or disabled employees.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions—Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). University members contribute 10.40% of salary to the retirement system. Non-university members contribute 12.855% of salary to the retirement system. Member contributions are picked up by the employer.

The Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions at the rate of 13.105% of salaries for local school district and regional cooperative employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. For local school district and regional cooperative employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description—In addition to the pension benefits described above, KRS 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible employees and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to employees under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired employees and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Funding policy—In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, six percent (6%) of the gross annual payroll of employees before July 1, 2008 is contributed. Three percent (3%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from Commonwealth appropriation and two and one quarter percent (2.25%) from the employer. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$5,629,139 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the CERS net pension liability	\$	5,629,139
Commonwealth's proportional share of the TRS net		
pension liability associated with the District	_	29,897,902
	<u>\$</u>	35,527,041

The net pension liability for each plan was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability for CERS was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.095628% percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$115,329 related to CERS and \$1,798,391 related to TRS. The District also recognized revenue of \$1,798,391 for TRS support provided by the Commonwealth. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

				Deferred
	Οι	ıtflows of]	nflows of
	R	esources	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	291,410	\$	15,296
Changes of assumptions		-		515,914
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		608,106		684,891
Changes in proportion and differences				
between District contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		12,038		575,422
District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	-	629,263		
Total	\$	1,540,817	\$	1,791,523

\$629,263 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:		
2025	(527,868)	
2026	(423,271)	
2027	125,665	
2028	(54,495)	
2029	-	

Actuarial assumptions—The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Long-term Investment Rate of Return,	
net of pension plan investment	
expense, including inflation	7.10%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	
Prior Measurement Date	3.66%
Measurement Date	2.13%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.00-7.50%, includes inflation
Post-retirement benefit increases	1.50% annually
Inflation rate	2.50%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of	
pension plan investment expense,	
including inflation	
Prior Measurement Date	7.50%
Measurement Date	7.10%

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.10 percent and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.0 percent to 2.5 percent. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

For TRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real Rates
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
Large Cap U.S. Equity	35.40%	5.0%
Small Cap U.S. Equity	2.60%	5.5%
Developed International Equity	15.70%	5.5%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.30%	6.1%
Fixed Income	15.00%	1.9%
High Yield Bonds	2.00%	3.8%
Other Additional Categories	5.00%	3.6%
Real Estate	7.00%	3.2%
Private Equity	7.00%	8.0%
Cash	2.0%	1.6%
Total	100.0%	

Discount rate - For TRS, The discount rate used to measure the TPL as of the Measurement Date was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 67. We assumed that Plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and that Employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution rates for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

County Employees' Retirement System (CERS)

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2020
Experience Study	July 1, 2013-June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Pay
Remaining Amortization Period	30 years, closed
Asset Valuation Method	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized
Payroll Growth Rate	2.0%
Investment rate of return	6.25%
Projected salary increases	3.30 to 10.30%, varies by service
Inflation rate	2.30%

The mortality table used for active members was Pub-2010 General Mortality table, for the Nonhazardous

For CERS, the long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years for the system. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2013 through 2018, is outlined in a report titled "Kentucky Retirement Systems 2018 Actuarial Experience Study for the Period Ending June 30, 2018". The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class is summarized in the table below. The current long-term inflation assumption is 2.3% per annum.

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Equity		
Public Equity	50.00%	5.90%
Private Equity	10.00%	11.73%
Fixed Income		
Core Fixed Income	10.00%	2.45%
Specialty Credit	10.00%	3.65%
Cash	0.00%	1.39%
Inflation Protected		
Real Estate	7.00%	4.99%
Real Return	13.00%	5.15%
Expected Real Return	100.0%	5.75%
Long Term Inflation Assumption	10.00%	2.50%
Expected Nominal Return for Portfolio	100.0%	8.25%

Discount rate—For CERS, projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 6.50% assumes that the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in Statute as amended by House Bill 362 (passed in 2018) over the remaining 30 years (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Sensitivity of CERS and TRS proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate— The following table presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by each pension system, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
CERS District's proportionate share	5.50%	6.50%	7.50%
of net pension liability	7,107,128	5,629,139	4,400,874
TRS District's proportionate share	6.10%	7.10%	8.10%
of net pension liability	0	0	0

Pension plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports of both CERS and TRS.

NOTE H – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

Teachers' Retirement System of Kentucky

Plan description – Teaching-certified employees of the Kentucky School District are provided OPEBs through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans. The following information is about the TRS plans:

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description – In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided – To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

At June 30, 2024, the Clinton County District reported a liability of \$2,246,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was .1403 percent, compared to .1403 percent at June 30, 2022.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 2,246,000
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB	
liability associated with the District	1,893,000
Total	\$ 4,139,000

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$122,033 and revenue of \$61,340 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of	
		Resources	F	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	761,000
Changes of assumptions		511,000		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		42,000		-
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		725,000		1,371,000
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		242,766		
Total		1,520,766		2,132,000

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$242,766 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2025	\$ (237,000)
2026	(214,000)
2027	(80,000)
2028	(72,000)
2029	(130,000)
Thereafter	(121,000)

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Long-term investment rate of return	
net of OPEB plan investment	
expense, including inflation.	
Health Trust	7.10%
Life Trust	7.10%
Salary increases, including wage	
Inflation	3.00 - 7.50%
Inflation	2.50%
Real wage growth	0.25%
Wage Inflation	2.75%
Health Trust Health Care Cost Trends	
Under 65	6.75% for FY 2022 decreasing to an ultimate rate of
	4.50% by FY 2032
Ages 65 and Older	6.75% for FY 2022* decreasing to an ultimate rate of
	4.50% by FY 2025
Medicare Part B Premiums	1.55% for FY 2022 with an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2034
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.66%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of	3.0070
OPEB plan investment expense,	
including price inflation	
Health Trust	7.10%
Life Trust	7.10%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted	7.10/0
Health Trust	N/A
Life Trust	N/A
Dire il ust	11/12

^{*}Based on known expected increase in Medicare-eligible costs in the year following the valuation date, an increase rate of 20.00% was used for FYE 2021.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends) used in the June 30, 2022 valuation of the Health Trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2022 valuation. The health care cost trend assumption was updated for the June 30, 2022 valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the TOL roll forward, while the change in initial per capita claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll forward.

The long-term expected rate of return on Health Trust and Life Trust investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
U.S Large Cap Equity	35.4%	5.0%
U.S. Small Cap	2.6%	5.5%
Developed Int'l Equity	15.0%	5.5%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.0%	6.1%
Fixed Income	9.0%	1.9%
High Yield Bonds	8.0%	3.8%
Other Additional Categories	9.0%	3.7%
Real Estate	6.5%	3.2%
Private Equity	8.5%	8.0%
Cash (LIBOR)	1.00%	1.6%
	100.00%	

Discount rate (SEIR)- The discount rate used to measure the TOL at June 30, 2023 was 7.10% for the Health Trust and 7.10% for the Life Trust. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 75. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

		Current Discount	
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
TRS District's proportionate share	6.10%	7.10%	8.10%
of net OPEB liability	2,889,000	2,246,000	1,715,000

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current Trend		
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share			
of net OPEB liability	1,617,000	2,246,000	3,030,000

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

Life Insurance Plan

Plan description – Life Insurance Plan – TRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided – TRS provides a life insurance benefit of five thousand dollars payable for members who retire based on service or disability. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of two thousand dollars payable for its active contributing members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

At June 30, 2024, the Kentucky School District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	-0-
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB	
liability associated with the District	47,000
Total	<u>\$ 47,000</u>

Actuarial assumptions – The actuarial assumptions are listed above with the TRS OPEB assumptions information.

The long-term expected rate of return on Health Trust and Life Trust investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	40.00%	5.2%
International Equity	15.00%	5.5%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.0%	6.1%
Fixed Income	21.00%	1.9%
Real Estate	7.00%	3.2%
Private Equity	5.00%	8.0%
Additional Categories	5.00%	4.0%
Cash (LIBOR)	2.00%	1.6%
	100.00%	

Discount rate (SEIR) - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 75. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022.

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

County Employees' Retirement System of Kentucky

Plan description – Classified (non-certified) employees of the Kentucky School District are provided OPEBs through the County Employees Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (CERS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public agencies in the state. CERS was established July 1, 1958 by the state legislature. CERS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. CERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://kyret.ky.gov/About/Board-of-Trustees/Pages/CAFR-and-SAFR.aspx.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the CERS Medical Insurance. The following information is about the CERS plans:

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description — The Kentucky Retirement Systems' Insurance Fund (Insurance Fund) was established to provide hospital and medical insurance for eligible members receiving benefits from KERS, CERS, and SPRS, the state retirement options. The eligible non-Medicare retirees are covered by the Department of Employee Insurance (DEI) plans. The Board contracts with Humana to provide health care benefits to the eligible Medicare retirees through a Medicare Advantage Plan. The Insurance Fund pays a prescribed contribution for whole or partial payment of required premiums to purchase hospital and medical insurance. It is noted that while this insurance fund covers employees eligible through KERS, CERS, and SPRS, only the portion related to CERS is applicable to Spencer County School District since the District does not have or qualify to have employees participate in KERS or SPRS.

Benefits provided – Medical Insurance coverage is provided based on the member's initial participation date and length of service. Members received either a percentage or dollar amount for insurance coverage. The amount of contribution paid by the Insurance Fund is based on years of service. For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

Years of Service	Paid By Insurance Fund (%)
20+	100%
15-19	75%
10-14	50%
4-9	25%
Less than 4	0%

Medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participating on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a vesting period of 10 years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003 earn \$10 per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually, which is currently 1.5%, based upon Kentucky Revised Statutes. The Kentucky General Assembly reserves the right to suspend or reduce this benefit if, in its judgment, the welfare of the Commonwealth so demands. Only benefit descriptions applicable to CERS Non-Hazardous have been included with this information since only that portion is applicable to the District.

Contributions – Due to the CERS post-retirement healthcare benefit plan being fully funded the requirement for employers to contribute as a percent of gross annual payroll was suspended for the year ended June 30, 2024.

At June 30, 2024, the Clinton County District reported a benefit of \$121,120 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB benefit that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB benefit was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB benefit used to calculate the collective net OPEB benefit was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was .087726 percent, compared to .097511 percent at June 30, 2022.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB benefit	\$ 121,120
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB	
liability associated with the District	-0-
Total	\$ 121,120

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB benefit of 314,098. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from

		rred Outflows of Resources	 erred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	84,439	\$ 1,719,789
Changes of assumptions		238,356	166,111
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		226,672	254,782
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportiona share of contrbutions	te	79,809	271,969
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		39,561	
Total		668,837	 2,412,651

the following sources:

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$39,561 resulting from District contributions of \$0 subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year and implicit subsidy of \$39,561, will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2025	\$ (447,931)
2026	(526,136)
2027	(440,909)
2028	(368,399)
2029	-
Thereafter	-

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date Investment rate of return	June 30, 2021 6.25%
Salary Increases	3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service
Inflation	2.30%
Payroll Growth Rate	2.00%
Healthcare cost trend rates	
Pre - 65	Initial trend starting at 6.30% at January 1, 2023, and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years
Post - 65	Initial trend starting at 6.3% in 2023, then gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years
Mortality	
Pre-retirement	PUB-2010 General Mortality table
Post-retirement (non-disabled)	System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019
Post-retirement (disabled)	PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set- forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class is summarized in the table below. The current long-term inflation assumption is 2.30% per annum.

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Equity		
Public Equity	50.00%	5.90%
Private Equity	10.00%	11.73%
Liquidity		
Core Bonds	10.00%	2.45%
Special Credit	10.00%	3.65%
Cash	0.00%	1.39%
Inflation Protected		
Real Estate	7.00%	4.99%
Real Return	13.00%	5.15%
Expected Real Return	100.0%	5.75%
Long Term Inflation		
Assumption		2.50%
Expected Nominal Return		8.25%

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.93%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate must include an assumption regarding future employer contributions made each year. Future contributions are projected assuming that each participating employer in each insurance plan contributes the actuarially determined employer contribution each future year calculated in accordance with the current funding policy, as most recently revised by House Bill 8, passed during the 2021 legislative session. The assumed future employer contributions reflect the provisions of House Bill 362 (passed during the 2018 legislative session) which limit the increases to the employer contribution rates to 12% over the prior fiscal year through June 30, 2028, for the CERS plans.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 5.93%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.93%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.93%) than the current rate:

		Current Discount	
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
CERS District's proportionate share	4.93%	5.93%	6.93%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	227,297	(121,120)	(412,877)

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates — The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
Systems' net pension			
liability	(388,212)	(121,120)	206,976

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report.

NOTE I – CONTINGENCIES

The District receives funding from federal, state, and local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if based upon the grantor's review, the funds are considered not to have been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced, or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected, to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

NOTE J – INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, etc. Each of these risk areas is covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies, which are retrospectively related including Workers' Compensation insurance.

NOTE K - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries to employees. To obtain insurance of workers' compensation, errors and omissions, and general liability coverage, the District obtains quotes from commercial insurance companies. Currently, the District maintains insurance coverage through Ohio Casualty Insurance Company.

The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE L – DEFICIT OPERATING BALANCES

The Food Service Fund had a deficit fund balance in the amount of \$12,207. Additionally, the following funds have operations that resulted in a current year deficit of expenditures over revenues resulting in a corresponding reduction of fund balance:

District Activity	31,931
Debt Service	938,099
Construction Fund	102,401

NOTE M – COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the School District at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

NOTE N – TRANSFER OF FUNDS

The following transfers were made during the year:

Type	From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	Amount
Matching	General	Special Revenue	Technology Match	27,087
Operating	Special Revenue	General	Indirect Cost	2,000
Operating	General	Debt Service	Debt Service	199,719
Operating	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Debt Service	40,988
Operating	Building	Debt Service	Debt Service	697,393
Operating	Food Service	General	Indirect Costs	64,589
Operating	General	Construction	Construction	63,661
Operating	School Activity	District Activity	Operations	63,890
	•	Governmenta	al Funds Transferred In	1,159,327
Operating	Food Service	General	Indirect Costs	(64,589)
		Proprie	tary Funds Transferred	(64,589)
		Т	otal Transferred Funds	1,094,738

NOTE O – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivable FundPayable FundAmountGeneralSpecial Revenue\$669,407

The interfund payables/receivables represent temporary financing that will be repaid within one year.

NOTE P – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has reviewed subsequent events through November 15, 2024 the date the financial statements were available for release. There are no material subsequent events to disclose.

NOTE Q – ON-BEHALF PAYMENT

For the year ended June 30, 2024, \$4,433,001 in on-behalf payments were made by the Commonwealth of Kentucky for the benefit of the District. Payments for life insurance, health insurance, Kentucky teacher retirement matching pension contributions, administrative fees, technology and debt service were paid by the State for the District. These payments were recognized as on-behalf payments and recorded in the appropriate revenue and expense accounts. These payments were as follows:

Teachers Retirement System (GASB 68 Schedule A)	\$1,798,391
Teachers Retirement System (GASB 75)	151,948
Health Insurance	2,437,256
Life Insurance	3,241
Administrative Fee	25,872
HRA/Dental/Vision	125,913
Federal Reimbursement	(381,249)
Technology	68,209
SFCC Debt Service Payments	203,420
Total	\$4,433,001

NOTE R – INVESTMENTS

Kentucky Revised Statutes authorizes the District to invest in the following: obligations of the United States Government and of its agencies and instrumentalities, repurchase agreements and specially approved AAA rated corporate bonds; bonds or certificates of indebtedness of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and of its agencies and municipalities; certificates of deposit or other interest bearing accounts issued by any bank or savings and loan institution up to FDIC insured amount, and in larger amounts provided that the bank pledges as security obligations having a current market value at least equal to any uninsured deposits.

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Investments at June 30, 2024, consist of the following:

	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Mutual Funds	633,055	633,055

All fair values listed above are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES:				
Taxes	2,858,200	2,858,200	3,290,955	432,755
Other Local Sources	2,838,200	2,838,200	569,262	294,262
State Sources	12,213,393	12,213,393	12,264,349	50,956
Federal Sources	75,000	75,000	161,119	86,119
Other Sources	56,100	56,100	118,829	62,729
TOTAL REVENUES	15,477,693	15,477,693	16,404,514	926,821
EXPENDITURES:				
Instructional	9,181,252	9,181,252	7,962,694	1,218,558
Student Support Services	1,297,599	1,297,599	1,086,695	210,904
Staff Support Services	227,982	227,982	135,789	92,193
District Administration	2,029,271	2,029,271	901,304	1,127,967
School Administration	1,229,434	1,229,434	1,233,986	(4,552)
Business Support Services	298,355	298,355	287,389	10,966
Plant Operation & Maintenance	3,163,203	3,163,203	1,534,596	1,628,607
Student Transportation	1,494,131	1,494,131	978,277	515,854
Other	293,380	293,380	290,467	2,913
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	19,214,607	19,214,607	14,411,197	4,803,410
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(3,736,914)	(3,736,914)	1,993,317	5,730,231
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	3,736,914	3,736,914	6,508,020	2,771,106
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	0	0	8,501,337	8,501,337

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	ORIGINAL FINAL BUDGET BUDGET		ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)		
REVENUES:						
Other Local Sources	0	0	273	273		
State Sources	1,359,897	1,359,897	1,455,880	95,983		
Federal Sources	2,373,980	2,373,980	4,623,776	2,249,796		
Other Sources	30,000	30,000	27,087	(2,913)		
TOTAL REVENUES	3,763,877	3,763,877	6,107,016	2,343,139		
EXPENDITURES:						
Instructional	2,815,621	2,815,621	4,377,423	(1,561,802)		
Student Support Services	295,638	295,638	325,631	(29,993)		
Staff Support Services	154,547	154,547	69,087	85,460		
District Administration	0	0	0	0		
School Administration	0	0	0	0		
Business Support Services	0	0	0	0		
Plant Operation & Maintenance	65,356	65,356	532,471	(467,115)		
Student Transportation	161,159	161,159	448,763	(287,604)		
Day Care Operations	0	0	40,287	(40,287)		
Site Improvement	0	0	26,267	(26,267)		
Community Service Operations	228,568	228,568	244,099	(15,531)		
Other	42,988	42,988	42,988	0		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,763,877	3,763,877	6,107,016	(2,343,139)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	0	0	0	0		
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	0	0	0	0		
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	0	0	0	0		

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE

OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
District's proportion of net pension liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -	-	-	-	-
State of Kentucky's share of the net pension liability associated with the district TOTAL	\$ 48,774,338 48,774,338	50,775,100 50,775,100	 66,499,438 66,499,438	 61,397,615 61,397,615	 28,832,266 28,832,266
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,517,853	7,864,726	8,018,039	\$ 7,825,659	\$ 7,988,909
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	45.60%	42.49%	57.04%	39.80%	59.30%
	 2020	2021	 2022	 2023	2024
District's proportion of net pension liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	2023 0.00%	 0.00%
District's proportion of net pension liability District's proportionate share of the net pension liability					
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State of Kentucky's share of the net pension liability associated with the district	\$ 0.00% - 30,078,495	0.00%	\$ 0.00% - 21,161,029	\$ 0.00% - 32,928,862	\$ 0.00% - 29,897,902
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State of Kentucky's share of the net pension liability associated with the district TOTAL	\$ 0.00% - 30,078,495 30,078,495	23,222,090 23,222,090	\$ 0.00% - 21,161,029 21,161,029	\$ 0.00% - 32,928,862 32,928,862	\$ 0.00% - 29,897,902 29,897,902

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
District's proportion of net pension liability	0.117663%	0.109392%	0.108750%	0.103704%	0.095628%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 3,817,442	4,703,318	5,354,397	6,070,114	5,824,037
State of Kentucky's share of the net pension liability associated with the district	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	\$ 3,817,442	4,703,318	5,354,397	6,070,114	5,824,037
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,112,255	2,616,452	2,584,137	2,402,946	2,513,388
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	122.66%	176.76%	207.20%	252.61%	231.72%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	66.80%	63.46%	55.50%	53.30%	53.54%
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
District's proportion of net pension liability	0.103413%	0.095715%	0.102965%	0.097528%	0.087729%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	7,273,082	7,341,261	6,564,826	7,050,312	5,629,139
State of Kentucky's share of the net pension liability associated with the district	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	7,273,082	7,341,261	6,564,826	7,050,312	5,629,139
District's covered-employee payroll	2,477,138	2,665,835	2,740,888	2,593,855	2,696,072
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	293.61%	275.38%	239.52%	217.81%	208.79%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	50.45%	47.81%	57.33%	52.42%	57.48%

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019	
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		-			<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	-	
Covered employee payroll	\$	7,517,853	\$ 7,864,726	\$	8,018,039	\$ 7,	825,659	\$ 7,	988,909	
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	
		2020	2021		2022	:	2023	:	2024	
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>						<u>-</u>	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Covered employee payroll	\$	7,894,738	\$ 8,260,177	\$	8,363,298	\$ 7,	898,524	\$ 8,	092,213	
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$ 324,753	\$ 317,257	\$ 360,487	\$ 347,947	\$ 407,672
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	324,753	317,257	360,487	347,947	407,672
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered employee payroll	\$ 3,112,255	\$ 2,616,452	\$ 2,584,137	\$ 2,402,946	\$ 2,513,388
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll	10.43%	12.13%	13.95%	14.48%	16.22%
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$ 478,088	\$ 514,506	\$ 580,246	\$ 606,962	\$ 629,263
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	478,088	514,506	580,246	606,962	629,263
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered employee payroll	\$ 2,477,138	\$ 2,665,835	\$ 2,740,888	\$ 2,593,855	\$ 2,696,072
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll	19.30%	19.30%	21.17%	23.40%	23.34%

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY - MEDICAL INSURANCE COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
District's proportion of net OPEB liability	0.103704%	0.095625%	0.104163%	0.095688%	0.102941%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	2,084,805	1,697,803	1,751,975	2,310,574	1,970,754
State of Kentucky's share of the net OPEB liability associated with the district		<u>-</u>			
TOTAL	2,084,805	1,697,803	1,751,975	2,310,574	1,970,754
District's covered-employee payroll	2,402,946	2,513,388	2,477,138	2,665,835	2,740,888
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	86.76%	67.55%	70.73%	86.67%	71.90%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	52.40%	57.62%	60.44%	51.67%	62.91%
	2023	2024			
District's proportion of net OPEB liability	0.097511%	0.087726%			
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	1,924,393	(12,120)			
State of Kentucky's share of the net OPEB liability associated with the district					
TOTAL	1,924,393	(12,120)			
District's covered-employee payroll	2,593,855	2,696,072			
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	74.19%	0.00%			

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN

TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
District's proportion of net OPEB liability	0.2193%	0.1139%	0.1177%	0.1146%	0.1927%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	4,304,000	3,951,000	3,445,000	2,893,000	2,313,000
State of Kentucky's share of the net OPEB liability associated with the district TOTAL	3,516,000 7,820,000	3,405,000 7,356,000	2,782,000 6,227,000	2,318,000 5,211,000	1,878,000 4,191,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,825,659	\$ 7,988,909	\$ 7,894,738	\$ 8,260,177	\$ 8,363,298
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	54.99%	49.46%	43.64%	35.02%	27.66%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	21.18%	25.50%	32.60%	39.05%	51.74%
	2023	2024			
District's proportion of net OPEB liability	0.1403%	2024 0.1678%			
District's proportion of net OPEB liability District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability					
	0.1403%	0.1678%			
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability State of Kentucky's share of the net OPEB liability associated with the district	0.1403% 3,482,000 1,144,000	0.1678% 2,246,000 1,893,000			
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability State of Kentucky's share of the net OPEB liability associated with the district TOTAL	0.1403% 3,482,000 1,144,000 4,626,000	0.1678% 2,246,000 1,893,000 4,139,000			

 $Note: Schedule \ is \ intended \ to \ show \ information \ for \ the \ last \ 10 \ fiscal \ years. \ Additional \ years \ are \ not \ displayed.$

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY - LIFE INSURANCE PLAN TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
District's proportion of net OPEB liability	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	=	=	=	=	=
State of Kentucky's share of the net OPEB liability associated with the district TOTAL	47,000 47,000	58,000 58,000	65,000 65,000	70,000	25,000 25,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,825,659	\$ 7,988,909	\$ 7,894,738	\$ 8,260,177	\$ 8,363,298
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	79.99%	75.00%	73.40%	71.57%	89.15%
	2023	2024			
District's proportion of net OPEB liability	0.0000%	0.0000%			
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	-	-			
State of Kentucky's share of the net OPEB liability associated with the district TOTAL	57,000 57,000	47,000 47,000			
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,898,524	\$ 8,092,213			
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	0.00%	0.00%			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	73.97%	76.90%			

 $Note: Schedule \ is \ intended \ to \ show \ information \ for \ the \ last \ 10 \ fiscal \ years. \ Additional \ years \ are \ not \ displayed.$

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE MEDICAL INSUARANCE PLAN COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2018		2019	2020		2021		2022	
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$ 112,9	38 \$	132,204	\$ 1	17,912	\$	126,894	\$	158,423
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	112,9	38	132,204	1	17,912		126,894		158,423
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -			\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Covered employee payroll	\$ 2,402,9	46 \$	2,513,388	\$ 2,4	77,138	\$ 2	2,665,835	\$ 2	2,740,888
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll	4.7	0%	5.26%		4.76%		4.76%		5.78%
	2023		2024						
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$ 87,9	32 \$	-						
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	87,9	32							
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$							
Covered employee payroll	\$ 2,593,8	55 \$	2,696,072						
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll	3.3	9%	0.00%						

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	 2018	2019		2020		2021		2022
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$ 234,770	\$ 239,667	\$	236,842	\$	247,805	\$	250,899
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	234,770	239,667		236,842		247,805	_	250,899
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$	
Covered employee payroll	\$ 7,825,659	\$ 7,988,909	\$	7,894,738	\$	8,260,177	\$	8,363,298
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll	3.00%	3.00%		3.00%		3.00%		3.00%
	2023	 2024						
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$ 236,956	\$ 242,766						
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	 236,956	 242,766						
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 						
Covered employee payroll	\$ 7,898,524	\$ 8,092,213						
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll	3.00%	3.00%						

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE LIFE INSURANCE PLAN TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2	2018 2019		2020		2	021	2022		
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions										
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	_	\$		\$		\$	-
Covered employee payroll	\$ 7,8	325,659	\$ 7,9	88,909	\$ 7,8	394,738	\$ 8,2	260,177	\$	8,363,298
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
	2	023	2	024						
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$	-	\$	-						
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions										
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-						
Covered employee payroll	\$ 7,8	398,524	\$ 8,0	92,213						
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%						

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABLITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

NOTE A – CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

In 2014, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.16% to 5.23%.

In 2015, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.23% to 4.88%.

In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2016 valuation, the Assumed Salary Scale, Price Inflation, and Wage Inflation were adjusted to reflect a decrease. In addition, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.88% to 4.20%.

In 2017, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.20% to 4.49%. • In 2018, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.49% to 7.50%.

In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.10 percent and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00 percent to 2.50 percent. In addition, the calculation of the SEIR results in an assumption change from 7.50% to 7.10%.

In the 2023 experience study the municipal bond index rate increased to 3.66%

NOTE B – METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of the schedule:

Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Period Remaining amortization period

Asset valuation method Inflation Salary Increase Ultimate Investment rate of return Entry age, normal Level percentage of payroll, closed

30-year closed period that began fiscal year 2011

to amortize the unfunded liability 5-year asset smoothing method

2.50 percent

3.00 to 7.50 percent

7.10 per annum, compounded annually, including inflation

NOTE C – CHANGES OF BENEFITS

There were no changes in benefits for TRS pension.

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABLITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

NOTE A – CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

2015

The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2015:

The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.50%.

The assumed inflation rate was reduced from 3.5% to 3.255%.

The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1.00% to .75%.

Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.5% to 4%.

The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females).

For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 20013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement.

The assumed rates of Retirement, Withdrawal and Disability were updated to more accurately reflect experience.

2016

There were no changes of assumptions for the year ended June 30, 2016.

2017

The following changes were made by the KRS Board of Trustees and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2017:

The assumed rate of inflation was reduced to 2.30% from 3.25%

The assumed salary increases were reduced to 3.05%, average, from 4.00%, average including inflation

The assumed investment rate of return was reduced to 6.25% from 7.50%

2018

There were no changes in assumptions.

2019

The following changes were made by the KRS Board of Trustees and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019:

The projected salary increase was changed to 3.3-11.5% from 3.05%

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABLITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

The asset valuation method was changed to 20% of the difference between the market value assets and the expected actuarial value of assets if recognized from 5-year smoothed market.

The payroll growth rate was changed to 2.0% from 4.0%.

The investment rate of return was change to 6.25% from 7.5%.

The inflation rate was changed to 2.3% from 3.25%.

2020

There were no changes of assumptions for the year ended June 30, 2020.

2021

There were no changes of assumptions for the year ended June 30, 2021.

2022

There were no changes of assumptions for the year ended June 30, 2022.

NOTE B – METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the rates reported in that schedule:

Valuation Date June 30, 2021

Experience Study July 1, 2008 – June 30, 2013

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level percent of pay
Remaining Amortization Period 30 years, Closed

Gains/losses incurring after 2019 will be amortized over separate 20-year amortization

basis

Payroll Growth Rate 2.00%

Asset Valuation Method 20% of the difference between the market value

of assets and the expected actuarial value of

assets is recognized

Inflation 2.30 percent

Salary Increase 3.30-10.30 percent, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return 6.25 percent

Phase-In Provision Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially

determined rate in accordance with HB 362

enacted in 2018 for CERS

The retiree mortality is a System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019.

NOTE C – CHANGES OF BENEFITS

T31	1 '		1 (*)	C	OFF	1 1		•
There were no	changes 1	ın	benefits	tor	CERN	non-hazard	OHS	nensions
I II CI C W CI C II C	onanges i	111	OCHICITIO	101	CLIC	non nazara	oub	pensions.

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABLITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

NOTE A – CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

2017

There were no changes in assumptions.

2018

There were no changes in assumptions.

2019

There were no changes in assumptions.

2020

Health Care Cost Trend Rates were updated for the June 30, 2019 valuation.

2021

Health Trust and Life Trust

In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives.

The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 8.00% for the Health Trust and 7.50% for the Life Trust to 7.10%. The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%.

The rates of member participation and spousal participation were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

2022

There were no changes in assumptions.

2023

There were no changes in assumptions.

NOTE B – METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

The Health Trust is not funded based on an actuarially determined contribution, but instead is funded based on statutorily determined amounts.

NOTE C – CHANGES OF BENEFITS

There were no changes of benefits.

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABLITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

NOTE A – CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

<u>2017</u>

The assumed investment return was changed from 7.5% to 6.2%

The price inflation assumption was changed from 3.25% to 2.30% which resulted in a .95% decrease in the salary increase assumption at all years of service

The payroll growth assumption (*applicable for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities) was changed from 4.0% to 2.0%

For the non-hazardous plan, the single discount rate changed from 6.89% to 5.84%. For the hazardous plan the single discount rate changed from 7.37% to 5.96%

2018

There were no changes in assumptions.

2019

The investment rate of return was changed to 6.25% from 7.0%.

The projected salary increases changed to 3.05-11.55% from 4.0%.

The inflation rate changed to 2.3% from 3.25%.

The payroll growth rate changed to 2.0% from 4.0%.

2020

There were no changes in assumptions.

<u>2021</u>

The single discount rates used to calculate the total OPEB liability changed since the prior year. The assumed increase in future health care costs, or trend assumption, was reviewed during the June 30, 2020 valuation process and was updated to better reflect the plan's long-term healthcare costs.

2022

The Initial trend rate for Pre-65 was changes to 6.20% and for Post-65 the change was to 9.00%.

2023

The Initial trend rate for Pre-65 was changes to 6.30% and for Post-65 the change was to 6.3%.

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABLITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

NOTE B – METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

Methods and assumptions used in the actuarially determined contributions – The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as the of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2023:

Valuation Date June 30, 2021

Experience Study July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level percent of pay
Remaining Amortization Period 30 years, closed

Gains/losses incurring after 2019 will be amortized over

separate closed 20-year amortization bases

Payroll Growth Rate 2.00%

Asset Valuation Method 20% of the difference between the market value of assets

and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized

Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increase 3.30%-10.30%, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return 6.25 %

Mortality System-specific mortality table based on mortality

experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using

a base year of 2019

Healthcare cost trend rates

Pre - 65 Initial trend starting at 6.30% at January 1, 2023 and

gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05%

over a period of 13 years.

Post - 65 Initial trend starting at 6.30 % at January 1, 2023 and

gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05%

over a period of 13 years.

Phase-In Provision Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially

determined rate in accordance with HB 362 enacted in

2018.

NOTE C - CHANGES OF BENEFITS

There were no changes in benefits for CERS, non-hazardous OPEB.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

		SEEK				TOTAL
		CAPITAL	DEBT	DISTRICT	SCHOOL	NON-MAJOR
	BUILDING	OUTLAY	SERVICE	ACTIVITY	ACTIVITY	GOVERNMENT
	FUND	FUND	FUND	FUND	<u> </u>	FUNDS
ASSETS:						
Cash & Cash Equivalents	120,015	463,629		215,483	206,613	1,005,740
Accounts Receviable				4,247		4,247
TOTAL ASSETS	120,015	463,629	0	219,730	206,613	1,009,987
1017127100210	120,013	403,027		217,730	200,015	1,000,001
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable				698		698
Total Liabilities	0	0	0	698	0	698
Fund Balances:						
Restricted for:						
SFCC Escrow	120,015	463,629				583,644
School Activities				219,032	206,613	425,645
Total Fund Balances	120,015	463,629	0	219,032	206,613	1,009,289
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	120,015	463,629	0	219,730	206,613	1,009,987

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	BUILDING FUND	SEEK CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	DISTRICT ACTIVITY FUND	SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND	TOTAL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENT FUNDS
REVENUES:						
Taxes - Property	292,124					292,124
Intergovernmental - State	467,866	149,605	203,420	50.00	2010	820,891
Student Activities Earnings on Investments				78,303	386,952 1,649	465,255 1,649
Other Sources					373,383	373,383
TOTAL REVENUES	759,990	149,605	203,420	78,303	761,984	1,953,302
EXPENDITURES:						
Instructional				110,234	691,353	801,587
Plant Operations and Maintenace						0
Student Transportation Other Non-Instructional					3,775 792	3,775 792
Debt Service:					192	192
Principal			891,228			891,228
Interest			250,291			250,291
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	0	0	1,141,519	110,234	695,920	1,947,673
EXCESS(DEFICIT) REVENUES OVER						
EXPENDITURES	759,990	149,605	(938,099)	(31,931)	66,064	5,629
OTHER ENLANGING COURGE (MGEG)						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES): Operating Transfers In			938,099	63,890		1,001,989
Operating Transfers Out	(697,393)		230,022	03,870	(63,890)	(761,283)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES)	(697,393)	0	938,099	63,890	(63,890)	240,706
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	62,597	149,605	0	31,959	2,174	246,335
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	57,418	314,024	0	187,073	204,439	762,954
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	120,015	463,629		219,032	206,613	1,009,289

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND FUND BALANCES AGENCY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	FUND BALANCE JULY 1, 2023	REVENUES	EXPENDITURES	FUND BALANCE JUNE 30, 2024
Clinton County High School	156,485	576,639	582,595	150,529
Early Childhood Center	2,880	28,428	28,276	3,032
Clinton County Middle School	40,913	97,207	89,099	49,021
Albany Elementary School	4,161	59,710	59,840	4,031
Total Activity Funds (Due to Student Groups)	204,439	761,984	759,810	206,613

See independent accountant's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND FUND BALANCE HIGH SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	CASH			CASH	ACCOUNTS	ACCOUNTS	FUND
	BALANCE JULY 1, 2023	RECEIPTS	DISBURSEMENTS	BALANCE JUNE 30, 2024	RECEIVABLE JUNE 30, 2024	PAYABLE JUNE 30, 2024	BALANCE JUNE 30, 2024
Class of 26 - Senior Trip	0	23,689	23,689	0	JUNE 30, 2024	JUNE 30, 2024	0
Drama Club	2,900	16,177	13,291	5,786			5,786
AP Classes	144	10,177	13,291	144			144
PBIS School Store	20	_		20			20
KY TSA	282	3,894	2,103	2,073			2,073
Bass Fishing	0	4,040	2,103	1,887			1,887
General	701	908	1,610	(1)			(1)
In Memory of Coach	1,255	120	535	840			840
Soft Drink Machines	0	1,685	1,685	0			040
Break Concessions	0	0	0	0			0
School Day Pictures	0	0	0	0			0
Student Parking	0	330	330	0			0
Media	0	4,370	2,776	1,594			1,594
Livestream Media	0	9,243	9,243	1,594			0
English Club	241	9,243	9,243	241			241
E	0	-		0			0
District Sweep	0	35,662	35,662	-			-
Reserved Seating Bleacher	0	3,950	3,780	170 0			170 0
Basketball Season Passes		300	300				
Bulldog Banking	0 88	0	0	0			0
Interest Account		1,219	1,218	89			89
Athletic Fund	5,478	18,631	15,769	8,340			8,340
Athletic Concessions	10,952	39,449	33,134	17,267			17,267
Football	5,985	31,569	37,554	0			0
Volleyball	1,558	8,124	9,682	0			0
Boys Soccer	0	0	0	0			0
Girls Soccer	0	3,102	3,102	0			0
Cross Country	1,130	0	172	958			958
Archery	5,943	3,440	6,151	3,232			3,232
Boys Basketball	11,834	42,595	42,857	11,572			11,572
Girls Basketball	5,781	35,914	33,376	8,319			8,319
Baseball	2,808	11,653	14,462	(1)			(1)
Softball	3,504	25,828	26,862	2,470			2,470
Tennis	145	0	145	0			0
Cheerleaders	8,763	60,449	60,427	8,785			8,785
Athletic Tournaments	0	10,140	10,140	0			0
FFA	2,567	21,558	20,805	3,320			3,320
FFA Greenhouse	4,815	9,773	6,658	7,930			7,930
FCCLA	1,903	11,039	10,195	2,747			2,747
JROTC	4,527	22,074	21,160	5,441			5,441
Best Buddies Club	232	0	0	232			232
Student Councel	115	0	0	115			115
Yearbook	7,850	22,250	20,825	9,275			9,275
Band Booster	94	155	205	44			44
Beta Club	3,875	2,204	1,662	4,417			4,417
Spirit Club	840	5,556	6,046	350			350
History Club	107	8,331	8,438	0			0
Spanish Club	161	0	0	161			161
Gym	0	4,405	3,658	747			747

KYA/KUNA	0	2,839	2,839	0			0
NTHS	56	0	0	56			56
180 Club	2,248	0	0	2,248			2,248
Starting Cash	0	6,100	6,100	0			0
Senior Class	0	0	0	0			0
Junior Class	0	0	0	0			0
Class of 2026	1,867	4,932	6,799	0			0
Class of 2025	3,694	25,251	15,382	13,563			13,563
Class of 2024	6,141	11,038	16,565	614			614
Class of 2027	0	10,588	8,039	2,549			2,549
Scholarship Fund	0	1,500	1,500	0			0
CCHS Football Booster	9,696	30,927	39,803	820			820
CCHS Volleyball Booster	213	3,234	3,447	0			0
Girls Soccer Booster	0	549	549	0			0
Student Fees	0	4,132	4,132	0			0
Girls & Boys Golf Booster	15,233	16,048	14,837	16,444			16,444
Archery Booster	2,110	687	2,270	527			527
Boys Basketball Booster	10,485	3,422	11,793	2,114			2,114
Girls Basketball Booster	7,192	48	6,393	847			847
Baseball Booster	0	6,853	5,205	1,648			1,648
Softball Booster	952	13,953	14,370	535			535
Total All Funds	156,485	645,927	651,883	150,529	0	0	150,529
Interfund Transfers	0	(69,288)	(69,288)	0	0	0	0
Total	156,485	576,639	582,595	150,529	0	0	150,529

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/PROGRAM TITLE U.S. Department of Education Passed-Through Department of Education	FEDERAL ALN NUMBER	PASS THROUGH NUMBER (if applicable)	PROVIDED TO SUBRECIPIENTS	EXPENDITURES
Title I Part A- Parent Involvement	84.010	3100002-23		11,789
Title I Part A- Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84010	3100002-23		356,918
Title I Part A- Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002-24		532,072
Title I Part A- Parent Involvement	84.010	3100002-24		37,205
Title I Part A Cluster				937,984
Title I Part D - Neglected & Delinquent	84.013	3100102-23		74,902
Title I Part D - Neglected & Delinquent	84.013	3100102-24		34,524
Title I Part D Total				109,426
Title II- Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	3230002		92,140
IDEA - Special Education - Grants to State	84.027	3810002-23		95,032
IDEA - Special Education - Grants to State	84.027	3810002-24		296,573
IDEA - Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	3800002-23		4,787
IDEA - Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	3800002-24		22,175
Special Education Cluster				418,567
21st Century Learning Center	84.287	3400002-23		6,301
21st Century Learning Center	84.287	3400002-24		86,266
21st Century Learning Center Total				92,567
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	84.011	3110002-23		83,342
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	84.011	3110002		03,3 12
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	84.011	3110002-24		111,975
Migrant Education Total				195,317
Title V - Rural and Low Income Schools	84.358	3140002-23		30,023
Title V - Rural and Low Income Schools	84.358	3140002-23		25,634
Title V - Rural and Low Income Schools Total	04.550	3140002-24		55.657
	04.40511	1200002		
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U	4300002		2 226 112
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U 84.425W	4300005		2,236,113
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425W 84.425D	4300005 4200002		2,092 15,953
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Rener Fund	84.425D 84.425C	4200002 GEER-20		15,530
COVID-19 - Governor's Emergency Education Rener Fund COVID-19-Education Stabilization Total	64.423C	GEER-20		2,269,688
CO 1 D 17-Daucation Statinization Total				2,209,000
Adult Education - Basic Grants To States	84.002	365K		25,120
Adult Education - Basic Grants To States	84.002	373K		28,182
Adult Education - Basic Grants To States Total				53,302
Perkins Voc.	84.048	3710002-24		14,215

Title IV, Part A-Student Support and Academic Enrichment Title IV, Part A-Student Support and Academic Enrichment Title IV Total	84.424 84.424	3420002-23 3420002-24	14,087 59,954 74,041
Passed Through Berea College Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs Total	84.334A 84.334A 84.334A 84.334A 84.334A	379JA 379JG 379JS 379KA 379KG 379KS	17,339 19,855 8,016 86,822 29,576 267 161,875
Total U.S. Department of Education			4,474,779
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services COVID-19 - Child Care and Development Block Grant Passed-Through Department of Education	93.575	Direct	40,287
Youth Suicide Prevention Grant	93.243	551JG	39,663
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			79,950
U.S. Department of Defense ROTC	12.404	Direct	68,896
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed-Through State Department of Education National School Lunchroom National School Lunchroom School Breakfast Program School Breakfast Program Summer Food Service Program Summer Food Service Program Child Nutrition Cluster Fresh Fruits and Vegetables Program Fresh Fruits and Vegetables Total	10.555 10.555 10.553 10.553 10.559 10.559	7750002-23 7750002-24 7760005-23 7760005-24 7690024-23 7740023-23 7720012-23 7720012-24	200,061 686,204 96,298 349,271 6,907 67,127 1,405,868 12,403 39,357 51,760
Child & Adult Care Food Program Total	10.558 10.558 10.558 10.558	7790021-23 7790021-24 7800016-23 7800016-24	8,853 27,318 630 1,631 38,432
Pass-Through State Department of Agriculture Food Distribution Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.565	057502-10	61,492 1,557,552
Total Federal Financial Assistance			6,181,177

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Clinton County School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Clinton County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net asset, or cash flows of Clinton County School District.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting for proprietary funds and the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are present where available.

NOTE C - FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities disbursed.

NOTE D – DE MINIMIS COST RATE

The District did not elect to use the 10 percent de minimis cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE E – SUBRECIPIENTS

There were no subrecipients during the fiscal year.

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Yes <u>X</u> No Yes <u>X</u> No Yes <u>X</u> None Reported
ed?YesXNo
Yes X No Yes X None Reported
najor programs (unmodified):
16(a)? Yes <u>X</u> No
Name of Federal Program or Cluster
Title I Covid-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund
\$ <u>750,000</u>
XYesNo
l Statement of Findings

 $Section \ III-Federal \ Award \ Findings \ and \ Questioned \ Costs$

No matters were reported.

CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2024

There were no prior year audit findings.

MONTGOMERY & COMPANY, P.L.L.C

Certified Public Accountants 710 Highway 208 Lebanon, KY 40033 270-995-2474

Joseph A. Montgomery, CPA

Email joe.montgomery@jamcpas.com

November 15, 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board of Education Clinton County School District Albany, Kentucky

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and *Appendix I to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Audit Extension Request, Appendix II to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Instructions for Submission of the Audit Contract, Audit Acceptance Statement, AFR and Balance Sheet, Statement of Certification, and Audit Report, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clinton County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Clinton County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated November 15, 2024.*

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Clinton County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clinton County School District's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clinton County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Clinton County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. In addition, the results of my tests disclosed no material instances of noncompliance of specific state statutes or regulation identified in *Appendix II of the Independent Auditor's Contract – State Audit Requirements*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sincerely,

Montgomery & Company, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants

MONTGOMERY & COMPANY, P.L.L.C

Certified Public Accountants 710 Highway 208 Lebanon, KY 40033 270-995-2474

Joseph A. Montgomery, CPA

Email joe.montgomery@jamcpas.com

November 15, 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Members of the Board of Education Clinton County School District Albany, Kentucky

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

I have audited Clinton County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance_Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Clinton County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. Clinton County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In my opinion, Clinton County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United State of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance); and Appendix I to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Audit Extension Request, Appendix II to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Instructions for Submission of the Audit Contract, Audit Acceptance Statement, AFR and Balance Sheet, Statement of Certification, and Audit Report. My responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of my report.

I am required to be independent of Clinton County School District and to meet my other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to my audit. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal program. My audit does not provide a legal determination of Clinton County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Clinton County School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of Compliance

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Clinton County School District's compliance based on my audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Clinton County School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance I:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Clinton County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Clinton County School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Clinton County School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that I identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in

internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exit that were not identified.

My audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sincerely,

Montgomery & Company, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants

MONTGOMERY & COMPANY, P.L.L.C

Certified Public Accountants 710 Highway 208 Lebanon, KY 40033 270-995-2474

Joseph A. Montgomery, CPA

Email joe.montgomery@jamcpas.com

November 15, 2024

MANAGEMENT LETTER

Members of the Board of Education Clinton County School District Albany, Kentucky

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements of Clinton County School District for the year ended June 30, 2024, my considered its internal control in order to determine my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements. Our professional standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. I feel that the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement. However, I offer the following suggestions that I feel will strengthen your organization's internal control structure.

Prior Year Recommendations - School Activity Funds:

2023-1 Prior Year Recommendation:

During 2018 testing, multiple instances were found at Clinton County High School where purchase orders were missing, not properly approved, or approved after a charge was incurred.

During 2019 testing, two instances were found at Clinton County High School of a charge occurring prior to the issuance of a purchase order.

During 2020 testing, four instances were found at Clinton County High School of a charge occurring prior to the issuance of a purchase order.

During 2021 testing, five instances were found at Clinton County High School and one instance at Albany Elementary School of a charge occurring prior to the issuance of a purchase order.

During 2022 testing, three instances were found at Clinton County High School of a charge being incurred prior to the issuance of a purchase order. Purchase orders must be completed and approved prior to charges being incurred.

During 2023 testing, five instances were found at Clinton County High School of charges being made prior to the issuance of an approved purchase order. Purchase orders must be completed and approved prior to charges being incurred. We recommend that all purchase orders be issued prior to any purchase being made.

Current Year Status:

No such instances noted during current year testing.

2023-2 Prior Year Recommendation:

During 2020 testing, one instance was noted at Clinton County High School of a Multiple Receipt Form that student names and amounts were signed by the sponsor when remitting monies. It is required that all students 6th grade and above sign their own names when remitting monies.

During 2021 testing, three instances was noted at Clinton County High School of a Multiple Receipt Form that student names and amounts were signed by the sponsor when remitting funds. It is required that all students 6th grade and above sign their own names when remitting monies.

During 2022 testing, multiple instances were again found where students names had been signed by the sponsor instead of the students at Clinton County High School. Students 6th grade and above must sign the multiple receipt form at the time funds are remitted in accordance with Redbook.

During 2023 testing, two instances were again found where students names had been signed by the sponsor instead of the students at Clinton County High School. Students 6th grade and above must sign the multiple receipt form at the time funds are remitted in accordance with Redbook. I recommend the District adhere to Redbook policies regarding multiple receipt forms.

Current Year Status and Recommendation:

No such instances were found during current year testing.

2023-3 Prior Year Recommendation:

During 2023 testing, it was noted that there were three instances at Clinton County High School were the receipt forms F-SA-1 and F-SA-6 were missing the required signatures. I recommend that school personnel be trained in proper completion of these forms and that it be stressed the importance of having all required signatures.

Current Year Status and Recommendation:

No such instances were found during current year testing.

2023-4 Prior Year Recommendation:

During 2023 testing, it was noted that there were two instances at Clinton County High School were where invoices supporting the purchase was missing. I recommend that invoices be properly maintained and attached to the voucher package.

Current Year Status and Recommendation:

No such instances were found during current year testing.

2023-5 Prior Year Recommendation:

During 2023 testing, it was noted that there were five instances at Clinton County High School of charges being made prior to the issuance of an approved purchase order. Purchase orders must be completed and approved to prior to charges being incurred.

Current Year Status and Recommendation:

No such instances were found during current year testing.

2023-6 Prior Year Recommendation:

During 2023 testing, two instances were again found where students names had been signed by the sponsor instead of the students at Clinton County High School. Students 6th grade and above must sign the multiple receipt form at the time funds are remitted in accordance with Redbook. I recommend the District adhere to Redbook policies regarding multiple receipt forms.

Current Year Status and Recommendation:

No such instances were found during current year testing.

Prior Year Recommendation - District:

None.

Current Year Recommendations - School Activity Funds:

2024-1 Current Year Recommendation:

During 2023 testing, it was noted that there were two instances at Clinton County High School where the multiple receipt form was completed without a detail accounting of the individuals remitting the funds.

During current year testing, it was noted that there were three instances at Clinton County High School and two instances at Clinton County Middle School where the multiple receipt form was completed without a detail accounting of the individuals remitting the funds. I recommend that staff be trained on the proper completion of the form and stress the requirement that those remitting funds sign the multiple receipt form.

Management Response:

We will emphasize the importance of the requirement that the multiple receipt form be filled out in detail with the remitter of the funds signing the form.

2024-2 Current Year Recommendation:

During current year testing, it was noted that there were three instances at Clinton County High School were the receipt form F-SA-17 were missing the required signatures. I recommend that school personnel be trained in proper completion of this form and that it be stressed the importance of having all required signatures.

Management Response:

We will train personnel on the proper completion of the forms and stress the importance of having all required signatures.

2024-3 Current Year Recommendation:

During current year testing, two instances were noted at Clinton County High School where an event was held and admission was charged without the use of pre-numbered tickets or form F-SA-1. I recommend that all teachers/sponsors be reminded that any event where admission is charged, pre-numbered tickets and form F-SA-1 must be used.

Management Response:

We will train personnel to identify events that will be charging admission and how to properly use and record pre-numbered tickets.

2024-4 Current Year Recommendation:

During current year testing, one instance was noted at Clinton County High School where property improvements were made to the CCHS locker rooms. Redbook identifies "Renovation or maintenance of school facilities or buildings; regular care and upkeep of school property" as disallowed. I recommend that all personnel be reminded of what is allowable an unallowable at the school level.

Management Response:

We will reiterate with personnel what is an allowable expenditure at the school level and what must be approved and expended at the district level.

Current Year Recommendations - District:

None

I would like to offer my assistance throughout the year if and when new or unusual situations arise. My awareness of new developments when they occur would help to ensure that the District is complying with requirements such as those mentioned above.

Sincerely,

Montgomery & Company, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants

MONTGOMERY & COMPANY, P.L.L.C

Certified Public Accountants 710 Highway 208 Lebanon, KY 40033 270-995-2474

Joseph A. Montgomery, CPA

Email joe.montgomery@jamcpas.com

November 15, 2024

Members of the Board of Education Clinton County School District Albany, Kentucky

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clinton County School District for the year ended June 30, 2024. Professional standards require that I provide you with information about my responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards (and, if applicable, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance), as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of my audit. I have communicated such information in my letter to you dated April 16, 2024. Professional standards also require that I communicate to you the following information related to my audit.

Significant Audit Matters:

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Clinton County School District are described in Note A to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2024. I noted no transactions entered into by Clinton County School District during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate affecting the financial statements was:

Management's estimate of the sick leave liability is based on current pay rates and those currently eligible for retirement. I evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the sick leave liability in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

I encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing my audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require me to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to my satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. I are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of my audit.

Management Representations

I have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated November 15, 2024.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to Clinton County School District's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with me to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To my knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

I generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as Clinton County School District's auditor. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of my professional relationship and my responses were not a condition to my retention.

Other Matters

I applied certain limited procedures to management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. My procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

I was not engaged to report on the budgetary comparison information on pages 52 and 53, or on the schedules of the district's proportionate share of net pension liabilities and other post-employment benefit plans on pages 54-55 and 58-60, or on the schedules of contributions to the County Employees Retirement System and Teachers Retirement System pension plans or the County Employees Retirement System and Teachers Retirement System other post-employment benefit plans on pages 56-57 and 61-63,

which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the information and use of Members of the Board of Education and management of Clinton County School District and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely,

Montgomery & Company, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants